

RSMG's Murray-Darling Model Documentation

Version: January 2010

RSMG
School of Economics
The University of Queensland
St Lucia
QLD 4078

Background to the Report

In 2004 the Risk and Sustainable Management Group (hereafter RSMG) at the University of Queensland started building an economic model of the Murray-Darling Basin (hereafter Basin). This model aims to examine the economic implications to the economy, irrigators, potable water supplies and the environment from a range of natural resource issues and policy decisions within the Basin by using a state contingent approach to deal with risk and uncertainty.

This documentation aims to detail how the model works and the data sources used. The funding for this exercise came from Professor John Quiggin's ARC Federation Fellowships awarded in (2003 & 2007).

Please note that the model is being constantly updated and this documentation may be out of date. Please consult the RSMG web site (<http://www.uq.edu.au/rsmg/>) to check if this is the latest version.

This report may be cited as:

RSMG, 2010, RSMG's Murray-Darling Model Documentation: Version January 2010, Risk and Sustainable Management Group, The University of Queensland, Brisbane.

© RSMG, School of Economics, University of Queensland 2010

This work is copyright. The Copyright Act 1968 permits fair dealing for study, research, news reporting, criticism or review. Selected passages, tables or diagrams may be reproduced for such purposes provided acknowledgment of the source is included. Major extracts or the entire document may not be reproduced by any process without written permission from Professor John Quiggin.

Risk and Sustainable Management Group
School of Economics,
University of Queensland
St Lucia 4072
Telephone: +61 7 3346 9646
Facsimile: +61 7 3365 7299
Internet: <http://www.uq.edu.au/rsmg/>
Blog: <http://www.johnquiggin.com/rsmg/wordpress/>

Acronym List

Acronym	Explanation
\$m	Millions of dollars
%	percentage
ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics
ACT	Australian Capital Territory
ARC	Australian Research Council
Basin	The Murray Darling Basin
Cap	Is the limit put on water extraction in the Murray Darling Basin
EC	Electrical conductivity is a measure of salinity concentration in water
Economic Value	Return from a production system including operator and labour costs
GL	Giga-litre, is 1,000 ML of water or one billion litres of water
Gross Output	Return from a production system considering yield and income only
H	High water use irrigation technology (e.g. flood irrigation)
Ha	Hectare
L	Low water use irrigation technology (e.g. drip irrigation)
MDBC	Murray Darling Basin Commission
ML	Mega-litre = 1 million litres of water
NSW	New South Wales
QLD	Queensland
RSMG	Risk and Sustainable Management Group
SA	South Australia
SAMDB	South Australian Murray Darling Basin a catchment within the Basin
Total Returns	Return from a production system not including operator and labour costs
VIC	Victoria

Contents

Background to the Report	2
ACRONYM LIST	3
INTRODUCTION	6
STATE CONTINGENT APPROACH TO RISK AND UNCERTAINTY	8
INTRODUCTION.....	8
STATE CONTINGENT APPROACH TO RISK & UNCERTAINTY.....	8
HOW IT DIFFERS TO OTHER APPROACHES	9
MODELLING PRODUCTION SYSTEMS	ERROR! BOOKMARK NOT DEFINED.
SUMMARY	9
<i>Suggested Further Reading</i>	9
MODEL DESIGN	10
INTRODUCTION.....	10
STATE CONTINGENT SPECIFICATIONS	11
SPATIAL REPRESENTATION	11
FLOW STRUCTURE.....	12
WATER RESOURCES.....	14
CAP.....	17
SALINITY.....	18
PRODUCTION SYSTEMS	26
COMMODITIES, CLASSIFICATION & PRODUCTION SYSTEMS	28
PRODUCTION COSTS & INCOME	29
LIMITATIONS OF THE MODEL.....	32
SUMMARY	32
DATA SOURCES & BIBLIOGRAPHY	34

INTRODUCTION.....	34
PRODUCTION AREA & WATER USE	34
<i>Estimated Farm Size:</i>	34
COSTS OF PRODUCTION.....	35
<i>Gross Margin Budgets – Queensland</i>	35
<i>Gross Margin Budgets – New South Wales</i>	36
<i>Gross Margin Budgets – Victoria</i>	37
<i>Gross Margin Budgets – South Australia</i>	37
<i>Other GMB data sources</i>	38
<i>Capital Costs</i>	38
<i>Consumer Price Index Data</i>	39
WATER RESOURCES.....	39
<i>Flow Data (Natural Flow, Groundwater, Transfer Water, Cap)</i>	39
<i>Water Use</i>	39
<i>Salinity & End of Valley Targets</i>	42
APPENDICES	44

Introduction

The RSMG Murray-Darling Basin Model optimises irrigation resources: water; land; labour and capital to maximise economic returns from water use under uncertainty. The model incorporates a directed flow network of water resources that allows the model to simulate the tradeoffs associated with regional water supply, use and the reflow of salt along the Murray-Darling Basin (hereafter Basin). The model described here is derived from an updated version on the state contingent Murray-Darling Basin Model documented in Adamson, Mallawaarachchi and Quiggin (2007 & 2009).

RSMG has been developing this model since 2004 and throughout this time the model has been constantly updated and modified. The model has been developed in two platforms:

- General Algebraic Modelling System (GAMS) (<http://www.gams.com/>); and
- Microsoft Excel using Risk Solver Platform (<http://www.solver.com/>).

This approach has provided a quality assurance framework to check that the models interpret, collate and process the data correctly.

There are two principal ways of solving the model:

- Sequential where the model solves as the water travels down the system. Here the optimum is determined based upon choices made on above catchments; and
- Global where the model optimises the basin as a whole. Here the optimum is determined based upon what is best for the entire basin.

Previous versions of the model have been used to undertake a wide range of analysis. Previously commissioned outputs from the model are outlined in Table 1. These reports are not available at the RSMG web site apart from the Garnaut Contribution (<http://www.uq.edu.au/rsmg/>)

Table 1 Recent Commissioned Work

Year	Commissioned by	Commissioned to
2008	ARUP Consulting	Provide analysis for the Renmark Irrigation Efficiency Study
2008	Australian Bureau of Agricultural and Resource Economics (ABARE)	Examine the impact of reduction in water supply for the Murray Darling Basin Commission (MDBC)
2008	Australian Bureau of Agricultural and Resource Economics (ABARE)	Examine changes to water supply and changes to water entitlements for the Victorian Department of Primary Industries
2008	Garnaut Climate Change Review	Examine the impact that climate change could have in the Murray Darling Basin

Other recent Murray-Darling Basin related research topics are listed in Table 2 and all of these reports can be found at the RSMG web site (<http://www.uq.edu.au/rsmg/>)

Table 2 Recent Research Topics

Year	RSMG Research Title	Research Aim
2009	Turing Water in to Carbon: Carbon sequestration and water flow in the Murray-Darling Basin	Determine the second round impacts of climate change mitigation on the water availability in the Basin
2009	Environmental Flows and Agricultural Production in the Murray-Darling Basin	Examination of the water buy-back policy for meeting the environmental needs of the Basin
2008	Opportunity costs from restoring environmental flows to the Snowy Rive	Examine alternative policies to acquire environmental flow and minimising economic costs to the Basin
2008	The return from Salinity Management in the Murray-Darling Basin	Provide understanding on how salinity targets at Adelaide can be achieved by altering policies on salinity mitigation, CAP reductions, changes to Dam release policies, and a combination of approaches
2008	Declining inflows and more frequent droughts in the Murray–Darling Basin: climate change, impact and adaption	Analyse the effects of climate change in the Murray–Darling Basin, using a simulation model that incorporates a state-contingent representation of uncertainty

This report has been divided into the following segments:

- An introduction into the state-contingent approach to risk and uncertainty
- How the model is designed, works, limitations and current projects;
- The sources of the data used; and
- The data and assumptions available in the model.

State Contingent Approach to Risk and Uncertainty

Introduction

The models aim is to illustrate the benefits of a state-contingent approach to risk and uncertainty to allocate resources (land, labour, capital and water) in the Basin. The state contingent approach explicitly defines states of nature (e.g. normal years, drought years and wet years) the management response to the given state and the inputs requirements to produce a given set of outputs by state of nature. By explicit defining the conditions and management options uncertainty is negated. This illustrates how producers effectively use their inputs to maximise the return on their asset base by state of nature. This stipulates that producers are highly adaptive and responsive to climatic events and will alter their inputs to maximise their overall net return on resources.

The classic state contingent production system in Australia is the sheep-wheat belt. For example in good seasons sheep are transferred away from irrigated pastures but in times of drought the breeding stock is shifted back onto irrigation land to ensure their survival.

State Contingent Approach to Risk & Uncertainty

State contingent analysis re-emergence is due to Chambers and Quiggin (2000) who re-examined the foundations described by Arrow (1953) and Debreu (1959). It suggests that decision makers actively respond to states of nature, by altering the inputs to influence the final output, based on past experiences and knowledge in order to meet their objective function. The benefits of a state contingent approach is that it allows for production and decision maker uncertainty to treated separately Rasmussen (2006b). This division removes the blurring of ambiguity found in other decision support systems where production and management inefficiency cannot be separated O'Donnell & Griffiths (2006).

In other models risk and uncertainty is simply dealt with in a stochastic framework that negates the extremities of states and assumes that producers do not actively alter their inputs to produce alternative outputs by state of nature. If we consider for example, that wheat produced in a wet state of nature is the same as wheat produced in a drought we have effectively ignored the influence of variety, screenings, protein and moisture levels which influence the price received.

How it differs to other Approaches

Confusion does exist about the state contingent approach in part due to Just (2003) who suggests that the use of state contingent analysis may be limited if the expected utility hypothesis holds and that a large range of possible production outcomes occur each with a low probability of chance and each of these outcomes is a state of nature. These two issues need to be cleared up:

- Firstly the expected utility hypothesis determines the weighted average of utility (return) from each possible outcome in a state multiplied by the individuals weighting of each outcome within that state. The major difference between this and a state contingent approach is that the inputs and outputs in expect utility theory are predetermined by a stochastic production function within a state and not based on producer's reaction to the given state of nature; and
- In regards to the number of states (Rasmussen 2006b) rightly points out that yields and prices are in fact a consequence of one state of nature and are not states of nature themselves.

Another area of confusion is the application of discrete stochastic programming using multipoint decisions. Although similar in approach to state contingent in trying to separate the producer and output risk and uncertainty it's missing the ability to classify production systems in a state-contingent approach.

Summary

Suggested Further Reading

Chambers, R. G., Quiggin, J., 2000, *Uncertainty, Production, Choice and Agency: The State –Contingent Approach*, Cambridge University Press, New York

Rasmussen, S 2003, 'Criteria for optimal production under uncertainty. The state-contingent approach', *Australian Journal of Agricultural and Resource Economics*, vol. 47, no. 4, pp. 447-76.

Model Design

Introduction

This is an optimisation model that maximises economic return of irrigation use throughout the Basin at a regional level. The model looks at three states of nature (normal, drought and wet) where conjunctive water supply sets the description of the state and the producers response to that state is derived from the described commodities produced (i.e. inputs and outputs obtained by state of nature).

Objective Function = Maximise economic return from irrigation use

Constraints

- Water availability
- Water CAP
- End of valley salinity targets
- Operator labour
- Irrigation area (total, plus area of horticulture)

Notes:

- Economic Return = (Gross Return – Operator Labour – Capital Costs) + Water Use Value
- Gross Return = (Yield * Price) – Variable costs (including casual labour)
- Conjunctive Water Supply = Runoff + Ground Water + Inter-Basin Water Transfers (i.e. Snowy River)

The model is based on that presented in Adamson et al. (2007 & 2009) and includes lessons learnt during Quiggin et al. (2008). Since then the model: has increased from 14 state contingent production systems to 25 state contingent production systems based on updated gross margin budget data; completely reworked water flow due to a disaggregation of the Murray catchment from one to three segments and the removal of the Wimmera catchment, and all underlying data has been re-examined based on GIS analysis.

This section of the report is divided into the following sections. Firstly a discussion on the three states of nature used to frame the model is presented. Secondly the data collected, assumptions used for water resources and salinity in the Basin is detailed. Thirdly the data collected, assumptions used for production systems in the Basin is detailed.

It is important to note that due to the design of the model it is very easy to illustrate how assumptions influence the data used in the optimisation process. Secondly the models have been designed to allow new or alternative data sets to be included.

State Contingent Specifications

The model uses three states of nature ($S=3$): Drought (low precipitation and inflows), Normal (normal precipitation and inflows) and Wet (high precipitation and inflows). Most commonly the model assumes the frequency of state occurrence is: Normal: 0.5; Drought: 0.2; Wet: 0.3 and these probabilities are based on historical records¹.

The model is based on annual data and assumes that all resources are available when required. The model in effect predicts optimal allocation of resources to maximise return on investment over the long term (i.e. a 10 year investment horizon (5 years Normal, 2 years of drought and 3 wet years)).

It is important to realise that when the model allocates land to a given production system that the production systems have to operate every year in that 10 year cycle. Consequently numerous assumptions have been made to incorporate this. For example in drought times water use per hectare of pasture land may increase but the overall area in hectares actually irrigated decreases. In order to illustrate this (see production section) illustrates a decrease in water applied per Ha while in wet times (as more area is irrigated) an increase in water use per Ha. This increase in ML per HA for other commodities may be due to practices of over watering to flush salt way from root zones in good times.

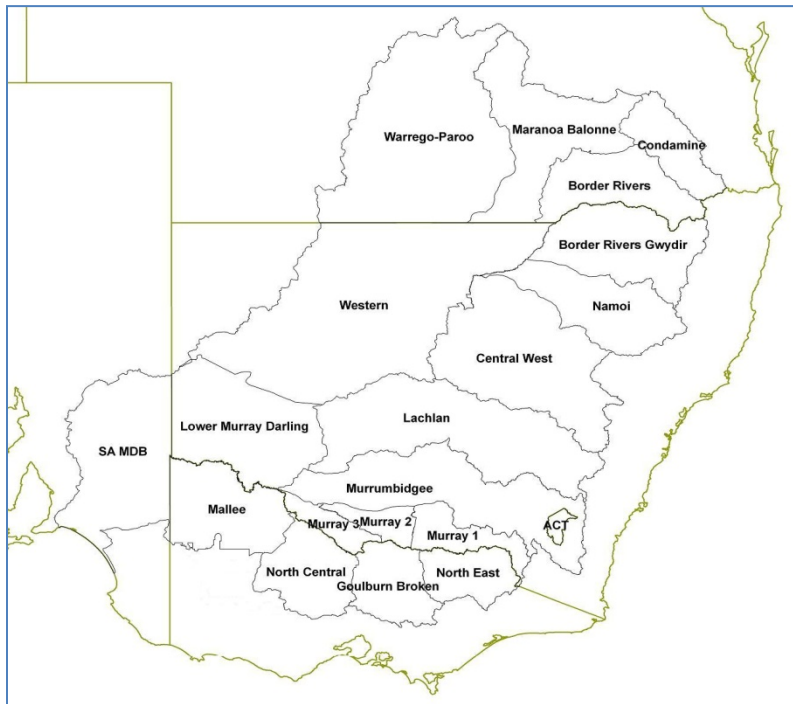
Spatial Representation

The model is based on a modified Catchment Management Region (CMR) scale. The CMR scale was chosen as it follows state boundaries and in order to help the national debate being able to report at a state disaggregation is vital. The CMR catchments have been modified to help illustrate the directed flow net work of the river system, see Figure 1 (i.e. the division of the Murray CMR into 3 zones). Therefore the river system are divided into 21 catchments ($k = 1$ to 21), which consists of 19 catchments plus Adelaide and the Coorong.

Geographical Information Systems (GIS) have been used to align datasets to the modified CMR scale where required and the GIS datasets used are listed in: Appendix 3.

¹ Historical records confirmed through personal correspondence with the Murray Darling Basin Commission in July 2007.

Figure 1 Model's Spatial Scale



Notes:

- ACT is considered as a part of the Murrumbidgee catchment;
- Wimmera has been removed from the model due to a lack of hydrological connectivity with the rest of the basin.
- Adelaide provides a representation of water quality arriving for potable supplies and provides a modelling constraint where $EC \leq 800$ EC 95% of the time; and
- Coorong provides a proxy for environmental flows reaching the Coorong.

Flow Structure

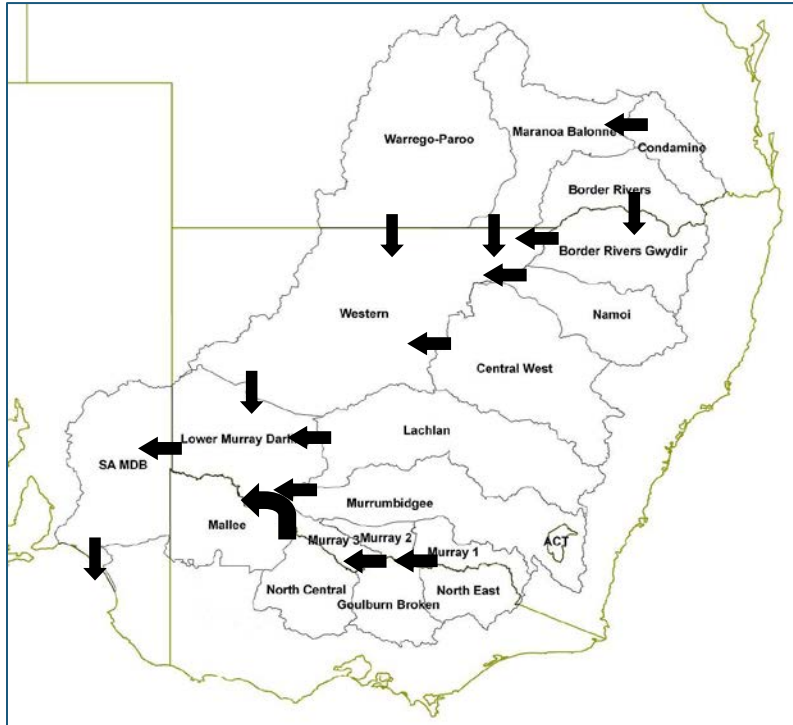
The Basin is represented as a directed water flow network that incorporates state contingent water flows. The water flow is simulated in the model at a CMR scale with the described adjustments above. The catchments are linked by endogenously determined, state-contingent, flows of salt and water. Water flows out of a given catchment are equal to inflows (net of evaporation and seepage) less extractions (net of return flows). Extractions are determined endogenously by land use decisions as described above, subject to limits imposed by the availability of both surface and ground water. The flow structure is simplistic in hydrology terms due to the spatial scale but does attempt to mimic how the river systems operate.

The amount of water available in each CMR is conjunctive and therefore recognises the integration of surface and groundwater sources. Water availability in each catchment is determined by inflow which is natural runoff from rainfall; groundwater; and water transfers from other systems (such as the Snowy river); and the net water flow from upstream CMRs. Net upstream flow takes into account upstream water use, reflow, and conveyance losses (natural loss and seepage). Table 3 and Figure 2 provide the explicit map in which the flow is modelled and a simplified flow diagram, respectively.

Table 3 Models' Flow Structure

Catchment	Cumulative Flow
Condamine	+Condamine
Border Rivers QLD	+ QBRivers
Warrego Paroo	+Warrego-Paroo
Namoi	+Namoi
Central West	+Central West
Maranoa Balonne	+Maranoa-Balonne +Condamine(Net)
Border Rivers Gwydir	+BRGwydir +QBRivers(Net)
Western	+Western +Warrego-Paroo(Net) +Namoi(Net) +Central West(Net) +Maranoa-Balonne(Net) +BRGwydir(Net)
Lachlan	+Lachlan
Murrumbidgee	+Murrumbidgee
North East	+North East
Murray 1	+Murray 1
Goulburn Broken	+Goulburn Broken + ½(North East(Net) +Murray 1(Net))
Murray 2	+Murray 2 + ½(North East(Net) +Murray 1(Net))
North Central	+ North Central + ½(Goulburn Broken(Net) +Murray 2(Net))
Murray 3	+ Murray 3 + ½(Goulburn Broken(Net) +Murray 2(Net))
Mallee	+Mallee + ½(North Central(Net) +Murray 3(Net) + Lachlan(Net) +Murrumbidgee(Net))
Lower Murray Darling	+LMDB + ½(North Central(Net) +Murray 3(Net) +Lachlan(Net) +Murrumbidgee(Net)) +Western(Net)
SA MDB	+SAMDB +LMDB(Net)
Adelaide	+ SAMDB (Net)
Coorong	+ SAMDB(Net) – Adelaide Extractions

Figure 2 Simplified Diagram of the Models Flow



Water Resources

In this model estimations of inflows are adapted from MDBC (2003) and ABS (2008) and are illustrated in Table 4. It is assumed that groundwater sources contribute a total of 1,118 GL to the total cumulative flow in the Basin. This data has been adjusted from MDBC (2003) and ground water use estimations in ABS (2008). Cumulative flow is calculated as the sum of inflows and the upstream net water flows. Water use and conveyance losses (see Table 5) are subtracted from the cumulative water for each catchment and the net (remaining) water then flows downstream.

In the baseline version of the model, the Normal state of nature occurs with probability 0.5 and is characterised by aggregate inflows of 23,734 GL. In the Drought state of nature, which occurs with probability 0.2, inflows are reduced by 40 per cent in all catchments relative to the Normal state. In the Wet state of nature, which occurs with probability 0.3, inflows are increased by 20 per cent in all catchments relative to the Normal state. With these parametric values, the distribution of inflows has a mean of 23,600 GL and a standard deviation of 5,300 GL.

The mean value is comparable to that observed historically (Murray–Darling Basin Commission, personal communication, July 2007). The standard deviation is lower than the historically observed standard deviation for natural inflows. This is because

management of the system using dams and controlled releases of water means that the annual variability of inflows of water available for irrigation is less than the variability of natural inflows.

Table 4 Water Data by Catchment

Catchment	Runoff (GL)	Ground Water (GL)	Water Transfer (GL)	Total Water (GL)	Cumulative Water (GL)
Condamine	735	68	0	803	803
Border Rivers QLD	726	9	0	735	735
Warrego Paroo	407	12	0	419	419
Namoi	833	243	0	1,076	1,076
Central West	1656	92	0	1,748	1,748
Maranoa Balonne	1260	68	0	1,328	2,131
Border Rivers Gwydir	1496	156	0	1,652	2,387
Western	0	0	0	0	7,761
Lachlan	1054	132	0	1,186	1,186
Murrumbidgee	4184	224	550	4,958	4,958
North East	4484	28	284	4,796	4,796
Murray 1	1500	0	284	1,784	1,784
Goulburn Broken	3828	49	0	3,877	7,167
Murray 2	500	30	0	530	3,820
North Central	720	16	0	736	6,230
Murray 3	113	49	0	162	5,656
Mallee	0	13	0	13	9,028
Lower Murray Darling	106	9	0	115	16,891
SA MDB	132	30	0	162	26,080
Adelaide	0	0	0	0	26,080
Coorong	0	0	0	0	26,080
TOTAL	23,734	1,228	1,118	26,080	

Inter-Basin transfers from the Snowy River provide water to the Murrumbidgee, Murray 1 and North East catchments. This data has been adapted from MDBC (2003) and ABS (2008).

The water reflow is defined as the amount of water that returns to the system once it has been utilised for irrigation purposes. In the model used for this project we assume that the reflow multiplier is kept constant at Reflow is 30 percent in 'Normal' year, 10 percent in 'Drought' and 40 percent in 'Wet' season for all catchments due to the unavailability of reliable data but represents a change by state depending perceived soil

moisture by state. This then simulates the practice of overwatering to drive salts away from the root zones that accumulate in drought times.

Conveyance loss is constant across states of nature however each catchment has its own conveyance loss which is derived from MDBC (2003, 2006) water resource fact sheets. These values were ascertained by matching flows at key locations throughout the basin with the modelled 'Normal' state of nature. We acknowledge that recent work on water infrastructure may lead to a decrease in loss of conveyance however due to a lack of recent publicly available data no changes have been made.

Table 5 Conveyance Losses & Net Water

Catchment	Total Water (GL)	Conveyance Losses	Net Water (GL)	Cumulative Water (GL)
Condamine	803	0.35	517	517
Border Rivers QLD	735	0.45	399	399
Warrego Paroo	419	0.83	67	67
Namoi	1,076	0.30	743	743
Central West	1,748	0.59	696	696
Maranoa Balonne	2,131	0.43	757	1,274
Border Rivers Gwydir	2,387	0.08	1,519	1,918
Western	7,761	0.48	-44	4,654
Lachlan	1,186	0.3	820	820
Murrumbidgee	4,958	0.34	3,222	3,222
North East	4,796	0.1	4,244	4,244
Murray 1	1,784	0.1	1,551	1,551
Goulburn Broken	7,167	0.08	3,522	6,419
Murray 2	3,820	0.1	477	3,375
North Central	6,230	0.25	512	5,409
Murray 3	5,656	0.1	146	5,043
Mallee	9,028	0.02	13	7,260
Lower Murray Darling	16,891	0.01	67	11,968
SA MDB	26,080	0.07	151	19,378
Adelaide	26,080	0.00	0	19,378
Coorong	26,080	0.03	0	19,378

$$\text{Net Water} = -\text{CAP other} + (1 - \text{Conveyance Loss}) * \text{Total Water} * \text{State Value}$$

Where:

- Net Water for a catchment is
- CAP Other = Water assigned under the CAP (see next section) for non-irrigation use (i.e. urban supplies)
- Conveyance loss (see
- Total water
- State Value (Normal = 1, Drought = 0.6, Wet = 1.2)

Extractions of water from the system are determined by the land use decisions subject to limits imposed by the availability of both surface water and groundwater.

Cap

The Cap on water extractions from the Basin is applied to each of the catchments. Cap data used in the model is adapted from MDBC Water Use reports (various MDBC publications listed in References). In the model CAP is treated as both surface and ground water allocations.

Cap and Salt Data by Catchment for the Murray Darling Basin

Catchment	Cap Other (GL)	Cap (GL)	Ground Water (GL)	Total Irrigation CAP (GL)
Condamine	5	240	68	308
Border Rivers QLD	5	200	9	209
Warrego Paroo	4	35	12	47
Namoi	10	325	243	568
Central West	21	577	92	669
Maranoa Balonne	0	200	68	268
Border Rivers Gwydir	1	660	156	816
Western	44	577	0	577
Lachlan	10	453	132	585
Murrumbidgee	50	2,311	224	2,535
North East	72	92	28	120
Murray 1	55	70	0	70
Goulburn Broken	45	2,000	49	2,049
Murray 2	0	910	30	940
North Central	40	1,627	16	1,643
Murray 3	0	670	49	719
Mallee	0	200	13	213
Lower Murray Darling	47	126	9	135
SA MDB	0	524	30	554

Adelaide	0	206	0	206
Coorong	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	409	12,003	1,228	13,231

Salinity

The productivity in a given state of nature depends on the salinity level of irrigation water. In this model salinity is the only water quality control. The salinity level is determined by natural salt loads, the stream flow, salt mobilisation caused by reflow and mitigation activities. The total amount of salt in a catchment presented in this model can be described by the following equation:

$$\sigma_s^k = L_s^k / F_s^k \quad \text{with}$$

$$L_s^k = \sum NL^k + \sum_{1...j} NL + \sum_{1...j} R - \sum M^k$$

$$\sigma_s^k \leq \text{Threshold}$$

Where σ is the salinity level, L is the cumulative salt load and F the flow in each catchment k in state of nature s . The cumulative salt load, L , is the result of the natural salt load NL in a catchment, the sum of all natural loads in all previous catchments, $1...j$, the total salt carrying reflow, R , in all previous catchments less the total of any salt mitigation activities, M , in a catchment.

Catchment	Salt Raw (T)	Salt Mitigation (T)	End of Valley Target (T)
Condamine	7,035	0	100
Border Rivers QLD	7,818	0	100
Warrego Paroo	1,672	0	100
Namoi	67,452	0	200
Central West	33,647	0	100
Maranoa Balonne	7,035	0	100
Border Rivers Gwydir	7,891	0	100
Western	0	0	10000
Lachlan	115,819	0	300
Murrumbidgee	160,000	0	300
North East	91,065	0	300
Murray 1	20,000	0	300
Goulburn Broken	120,000	0	300
Murray 2	35,000	0	300

North Central	100,000	25,952	300
Murray 3	45,000	0	300
Mallee	10,431	36,954	450
Lower Murray Darling	20,091	188,203	600
SA MDB	57,909	229,541	600
Adelaide	0	0	800
Coorong	1,892	0	
TOTAL	909,757	417,744	

Natural salt load data used for the model are shown in Table A.5. The salt data is broken into irrigation districts based on the assumption that salt load increases long the river reaches of the tributaries. The natural salt load is state dependent to represent natural conditions where low rainfall periods do not mobilise the salt in the soil profile. The assumptions used are 50 percent of the 'Normal' salt load is mobilised in the 'Drought' state and 100 percent is again mobilised in the 'Wet' state.

The level of salinity in the water depends on the amount of salt transferred from upstream as well as the natural salt level in the region. Furthermore, the salinity level depends on the stream flow. A higher stream flow reduces salinity as a given amount of salt is diluted within a greater volume of water.

To control the amount of salt being carried with the reflow from the water used upstream, we introduced the Theta value which a variable control. Different to previous versions of the model the Theta value has been set here to 0.04 in the 'Normal' state, 0.02 in the 'Drought' state and 0.04 in the 'Wet' state. This was done to account for the dissolving different loads of salt dissolving under alternative runoff states. It is due to the high water use that the Normal and Wet states of nature have the same values but deliver different volumes of salt to Coorong (see Chapter 5).

The model also accounts for salt mitigation schemes which extract in total about 480,000 tonnes per annum of salt from the system. In the aggregated previous versions of the model salt removal occurred in the North Central, Lower MDB and SA MDB catchments. In the current disaggregated model version it is assumed that the following salt amounts are extracted from the Victorian catchments; Pyramid Boort: 6,256 tonnes, Torrumbarry: 19,696 tonnes and Mallee Residual: 36,954 tonnes. The disaggregation of the North Central mitigation amounts occurred based on the location of current salt interception schemes and their annual capacity to remove salt (River Murray Water 2003). Table A.5 provides details other salt mitigation areas.

The sequential model incorporates 'End of Valley Targets' established by the Murray Darling Basin Commission in 2005. These targets reflect the maximum salt load allowed to be occurring at the end of a catchment before the flow enters the next. Table A.5 documents the catchment salinity targets as assumed in the model. For the

disaggregated Victorian catchments we assumed for the End of Valley Targets that the previous large scale catchment target to be equally shared by the number of newly disaggregated irrigation districts/areas. However as the aims of this analysis is to determine the national benefit only the global version of the model is run. The sequential version of the model optimises water as it flows down the system and the global maximises national benefits by running the Basin as a single enterprise.

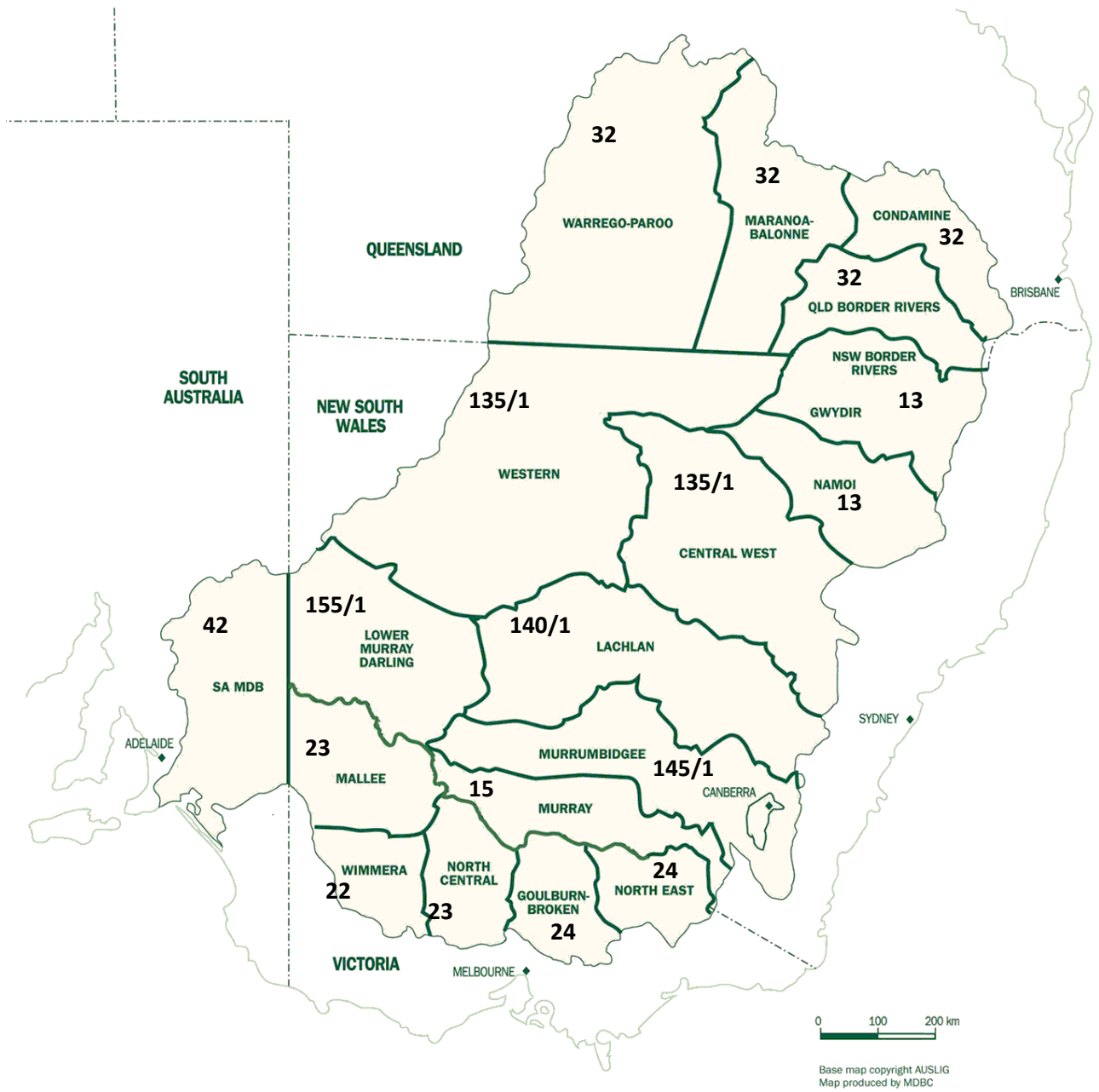
Consequently then the Basin is then managed to satisfy the constraint that salinity at Morgan should not exceed 800 EC units for 95 percent of the time (Murray Darling Basin Commission, 2001). Morgan was chosen as it proxy for Adelaide potable water supply which is diverted from this system at this site. We acknowledge that the MCBC target is to be interpreted as a long-term target for water quality. However, the model we use here simulates land and water use on an annual basis only and does not consider any inter-temporal processes. To simplify we assume that the salinity threshold is to be maintained constant is at 800 EC. The salinity level reaching Morgan is a cumulative salt value that depends on the natural salt load occurring in the SA MDB catchment, salt loads activated in upstream catchments and the water flow.

We outlined above that the condition of the river in each catchment and state of nature is measured by the flow variables and the water quality control. Consequently, the decisions of upstream water users affect crop yields of downstream irrigators.

Modelling Climate Change Impacts on Water Supplies

Every analysis has issues of converting data into consistent spatial areas to allow analysis to take place. The RSMG model uses catchment management regions (CMR) and Roger Jones provided the scenario data for climate change (temperature, rainfall, evaporation and humidity) in statistical division (SD) format. These SD were converted into the CMR's as follows.

Figure 3 Murray Darling Basin Management Catchments by SD (rough)



It has been assumed that where two SD are listed within a CMR then the average of the two or more value listed are used.

Converting data into change in runoff. Jones etal (year) describes the process for determining the change in runoff based from the change in rainfall and evaporation.

Roger was kind enough to provide the data for this model and the data was provided at the Australia's drainage and river basin level (as illustrated in Figure 2 and names documented in Table2). This data was then converted Figure 3 and Table 1 any errors in this conversion are due to us and not Roger Jones.

Table 6 Runoff Reduction By CMR

	Runoff (%)	A	B	δ Prec (%)	δ Evap (%)	δ Flow (%)
Condamine	1.53	3.45	-0.80	1	1	2.7
Border Rivers, QLD	2.05	3.43	-0.79	1	1	2.6
Warrego-Paroo	1.31	3.46	-0.80	1	1	2.7
Namoi	2.53	3.41	-0.79	1	1	2.6
Central West	5.21	3.29	-0.77	1	1	2.5
Maranoa-Balonne	1.28	3.46	-0.80	1	1	2.7
Maranoa-Balonne	1.28	3.46	-0.80	1	1	2.7
Border Rivers-Gwydir	3.93	3.34	-0.78	1	1	2.6
Western	0.82	3.48	-0.80	1	1	2.7
Lachlan	2.40	3.41	-0.79	1	1	2.6
Murrumbidgee	7.66	3.18	-0.75	1	1	2.4
North East	24.01	2.46	-0.63	1	1	1.8
Goulburn-Broken	15.22	2.85	-0.69	1	1	2.2
Wimmera	2.40	3.41	-0.79	1	1	2.6
North Central	6.54	3.23	-0.76	1	1	2.5
Murray	0.00	3.52	-0.81	1	1	2.7
Mallee	1.61	3.45	-0.80	1	1	2.7
Lower Murray						
Darling	0.15	3.51	-0.81	1	1	2.7
SA MDB	0.37	3.50	-0.81	1	1	2.7

Figure 4 Australia's Drainage & River Basins

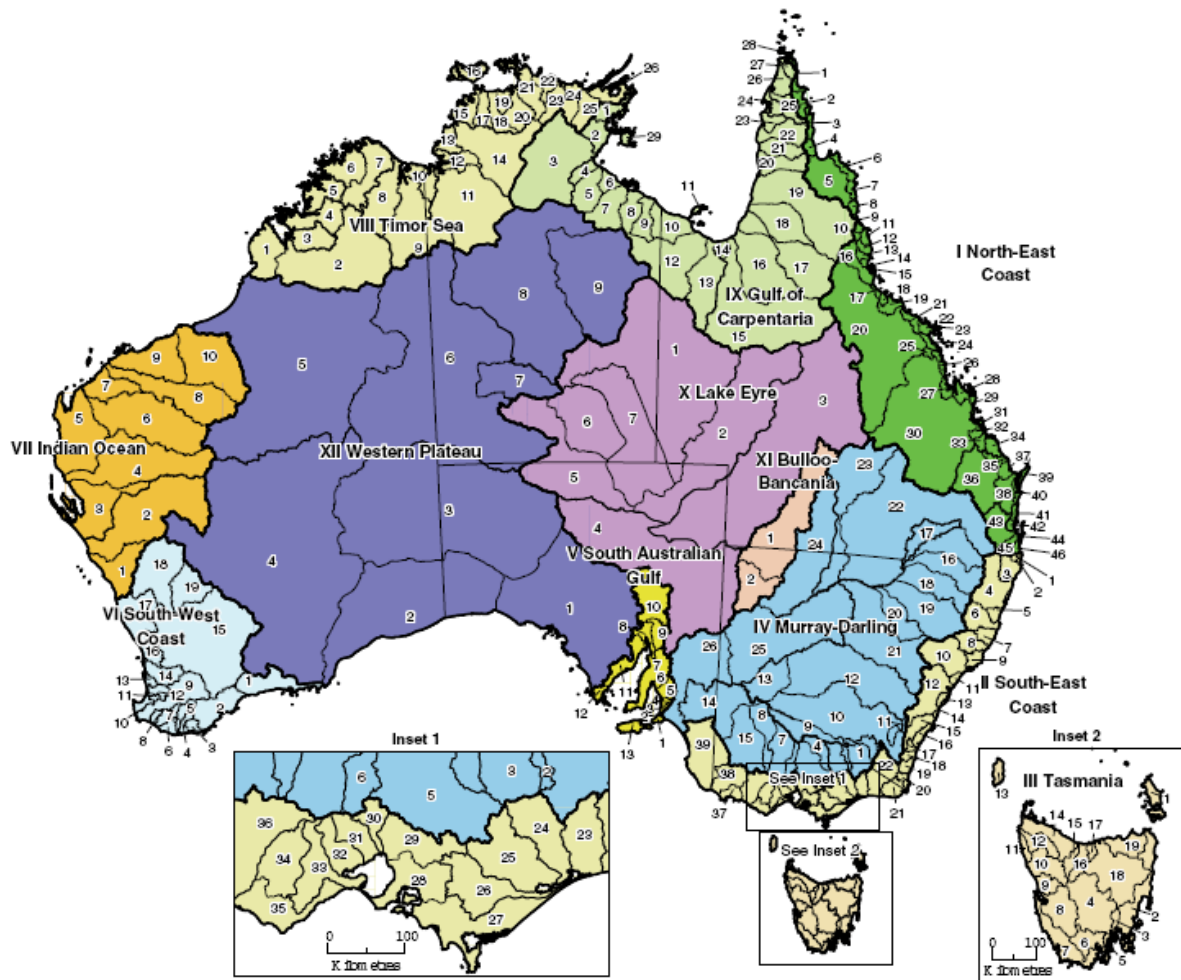


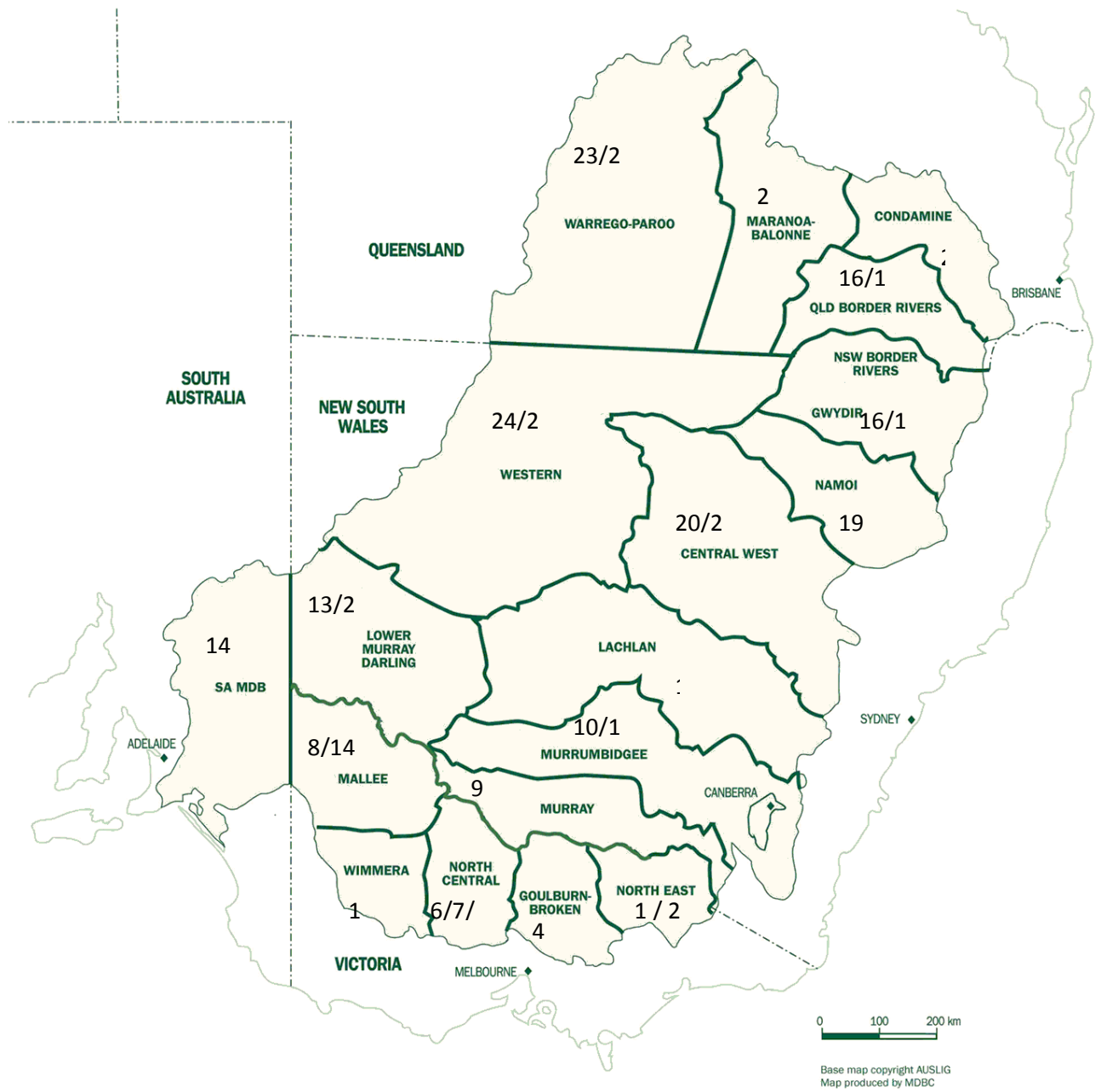
Table 7 Drainage & Basin and Data

I North-East Coast		III Tasmania		VII Indian Ocean		XI Bulloo-Bancannia	
1 Jacky Jacky Creek	24 O'Connell River	1 Flinders-Cape Barren Islands	11 Sandy Cape Coast	1 Greenough River	6 Ashburton River	1 Bulloo River	
2 Olive-Pascoe Rivers	25 Pioneer River	2 East Coast	12 Arthur River	2 Murchison River	7 Onslow Coast	2 Lake Bancannia	
3 Lockhart River	26 Plane Creek	3 Coal River	13 King Island	3 Wooramel River	8 Fortescue River		
4 Stewart River	27 Styx River	4 Derwent River	14 Smithton-Burnie Coast	4 Gascoyne River	9 Port Hedland Coast		XII Western Plateau
5 Normanby River	28 Shoalwater Creek	5 Kingston Coast	15 Forth River	5 Lyndon-Minya Rivers	10 De Grey River	1 Gairdner	
6 Jeannie River	29 Water Park Creek	6 Huon River	16 Mersey River			2 Nullarbor	
7 Endeavour River	30 Fitzroy River (QLD)	7 South-West Coast	17 Rubicon River	VIII Timor Sea		3 Warburton	
8 Daintree River	31 Curtis Island	8 Gordon River	18 Tamar River	1 Cape Leveque Coast	14 Daly River	4 Salt Lake	
9 Mossman River	32 Callicope River	9 King-Henty Rivers	19 Piper-Ringarooma Rivers	2 Fitzroy River (WA)	15 Finnis River	5 Sandy Desert	
10 Barron River	33 Boyne River	10 Pieman River		3 Lennard River	16 Bathurst and Melville Islands	6 Mackay	
11 Mulgrave-Russell Rivers	34 Baffle creek			4 Isdell River	17 Adelaide River	7 Burt	
12 Johnstone River	35 Kolan River	IV Murray-Darling		5 Prince Regent River	18 Mary River (NT)	8 Wiso	
13 Tully River	36 Burnett River	1 Upper Murray River	14 Mallee	6 King Edward River	19 Wildman River	9 Barkly	
14 Murray River (QLD)	37 Burrum River	2 Kiewa River	15 Wimmera-Avon Rivers	7 Drysdale River	20 South Alligator River		
15 Hinchinbrook Island	38 Mary River (QLD)	3 Ovens River	16 Border Rivers	8 Pentecost River	21 East Alligator River		
16 Herbert River	39 Fraser Island	4 Broken River	17 Moonie River	9 Ord River	22 Goomadeer River		
17 Black River	40 Noosa River	5 Goulburn River	18 Gydir River	10 Keep River	23 Liverpool River		
18 Ross River	41 Maroochy River	6 Campaspe River	19 Namoi River	11 Victoria River	24 Blyth River		
19 Haughton River	42 Pine River	7 Loddon River	20 Castlereagh River	12 Fitzmaurice River	25 Goyder River		
20 Burdekin River	43 Brisbane River	8 Avoca River	21 Macquarie-Bogan Rivers	13 Moyle River	26 Buckingham River		
21 Don River	44 Stradbroke Island	9 Murray-Riverina	22 Condamine-Culgoa Rivers				
22 Proserpine River	45 Logan-Albert Rivers	10 Murrumbidgee River	23 Warrego River	IX Gulf of Carpentaria			
23 Whitsunday Island	46 South Coast	11 Lake George	24 Paroo River	1 Koolatong River	16 Norman River		
		12 Lachlan River	25 Darling River	2 Walker River	17 Gilbert River		
		13 Benanee	26 Lower Murray River	3 Roper River	18 Staaten River		
II South-East Coast		V South Australian Gulf		4 Towns River	19 Mitchell River (QLD)		
1 Tweed River	21 East Gippsland	1 Fleurieu Peninsula	8 Mambray Coast	5 Limmen Bight River	20 Coleman River		
2 Brunswick River	22 Snowy River	2 Myponga River	9 Willochra Creek	6 Rosie River	21 Holroyd River		
3 Richmond River	23 Tambo River	3 Onkaparinga River	10 Lake Torrens	7 McArthur River	22 Archer River		
4 Clarence River	24 Mitchell River (VIC)	4 Torrens River	11 Spencer Gulf	8 Robinson River	23 Watson River		
5 Bellinger River	25 Thomson River	5 Gawler River	12 Eyre Peninsula	9 Calvert River	24 Embley River		
6 Macleay River	26 Latrobe River	6 Wakefield River	13 Kangaroo Island	10 Settlement Creek	25 Wenlock River		
7 Hastings River	27 South Gippsland	7 Broughton River		11 Murrumbidgee River	26 Ducie River		
8 Manning River	28 Bunyip River			12 Nicholson River	27 Jardine River		
9 Karuah River	29 Yarra River			13 Leichhardt River	28 Torres Strait Islands		
10 Hunter River	30 Maribyrnong River			14 Morning Inlet	29 Groote Eylandt		
11 Macquarie-Tuggerah Lakes	31 Werribee River	VI South-West Coast		15 Flinders River			
12 Hawkesbury River	32 Moorabool River	1 Esperance Coast	11 Preston River				
13 Sydney Coast-Georges River	33 Barwon River	2 Albany Coast	12 Collie River	X Lake Eyre			
14 Wollongong Coast	34 Lake Corangamite	3 Denmark River	13 Harvey River	1 Georgina River	5 Finke River		
15 Shoalhaven River	35 Otway Coast	4 Kent River	14 Murray River (WA)	2 Diamantina River	6 Todd River		
16 Clyde River-Jervis Bay	36 Hopkins River	5 Frankland River	15 Avon River	3 Cooper Creek	7 Hay River		
17 Moruya River	37 Portland Coast	6 Shannon River	16 Swan Coast				
18 Turross River	38 Glenelg River	7 Warren River	17 Moore-Hill Rivers				
19 Bega River	39 Millicent Coast	8 Donnelly River	18 Yarra Yarra Lakes				
20 Towamba River		9 Blackwood River	19 Ninghan				
		10 Busseton Coast					

Dennis Trewin (2006), Water Account Australia 2004–05, Australian Bureau of Statistics, EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) TUES 28 NOV

2006

Figure 5 CMR by NLWRA



The data for all the climate change runs can be found in the appendix.

Production Systems

Agricultural land and water use in each region is modelled by a representative farmer with agricultural land area L_k . The model includes 21 catchments corresponding to Catchment Management Authority regions within the Basin and one urban region, Adelaide. The regions are linked sequentially on the basis of existing flow patterns. The network captures the cumulative water volume and salt loads from the Condamine–Balonne catchment of southern Queensland to the Lower Murray–Darling Catchment that encompasses the South Australian portion of the Basin where the river system joins the sea.

Production Area

The status of the river in each catchment and state of nature is measured by a flow variable and Q water quality variables. The $(Q+1) \times K \times S$ vector of status variables is determined endogenously by water use decisions. In the present simulations, the only water quality variable is salinity. The interaction between producers arises from the fact that changes in salinity levels, arising from the decisions of upstream water users, affect crop yields for downstream irrigators. The model therefore incorporates the adverse effects of salinity on yields, derived from agronomic data.

There are M distinct agricultural commodities, as well as water supplied for urban use in Adelaide and therefore $(M+1) \times S$ distinct state-contingent commodities. In the present simulations, $M = 10$.

Some commodities are produced using more than one technology. The second column of Table 1 shows commodities produced using a single technology. The third column of Table 1 shows commodities for which two technologies are modelled, one requiring high water inputs and one in which an increased capital input (such as investment in micro-irrigation technology) is used to reduce the water input requirements. The final column of Table 1 shows commodities for which two rotations are available. In the fixed rotation, the proportions of irrigated and dryland fallow land are the same in all states of nature. In the flexible rotation, which may be described as ‘opportunity cropping’, irrigation is used in Wet (high inflow) states of nature, and dryland production in Drought (low inflow) states.

Classification	Commodity	Multiple Technologies	Flexible and Fixed Rotations	Wet Water use	Multiple Combinations
Horticulture	Citrus	Yes			
	Grapes				
	Pome Fruit				
	Stone Fruit	Yes			
	Vegetables		Yes		
Broadacre	Cotton		Yes	Yes	Yes

	Grain				Yes
	Legume				
	Oilseeds				Not activated
	Sorghum				Not activated
	Oilseeds				Not activated
	Rice		Yes	Yes	Not activated
	Wheat				Yes
Pasture	Beef				Not activated
	Sheep				Yes

There are N inputs, committed before the state of nature is known. In the present version, $N = 5$. The model inputs are water, land, labour, capital, and a generic cash input. A variety of constraints on input use are imposed. Land is constrained by total area, and by soil type for particular commodities. In addition, constraints may be imposed on changes in the total area under irrigation and on the total volume of irrigation consistent with the Cap on extractions imposed by the Council of Australian Governments (1994). The supply of operator and household labour is assumed to be constrained in short run versions of the model, but contract labour is incorporated in the generic cash input.

In general, input and output prices are assumed to be the same in all regions. However, the model allows for different rules for setting water prices.

Activities

In each region, land is allocated across A_k different activities. For one hectare of land an activity is represented by:

- state-contingent outputs of a single commodity (dimension S);
- water use in each state of nature (dimension S); and
- other inputs (dimension N).

Hence, for each region k , the matrix of activity coefficients has dimensions $A_k \times (N+2S)$. As in Quiggin (1988), there may be more than one technology used to produce a given commodity. Productivity in a given state of nature will depend on salinity, which in turn will be determined by upstream water use. Constraints on water availability will be determined by the interaction between upstream water use, institutional arrangements and policy variables.

The extended model uses region-specific gross margin budgets, reflecting differences in production conditions between regions. In addition, information on soil type is used to constrain production areas for specific commodities within regions. In this and other respects, geographical information system (GIS) technology has proved valuable in integrating data from different sources, based on inconsistent and overlapping divisions of the study area, into consistent data units.

Because the model is solved on an annual basis, the process of capital investment is modelled as an annuity representing the amortised value of the capital costs over the lifespan of the development activity. This provides the flexibility to permit the modelling of a range of pricing rules for capital, and to allow the imposition of appropriate constraints on adjustment, to derive both short run and long run solutions.

Commodities, Classification & Production Systems

Table 4 lists the production systems that are simulated in the model. The model incorporates up to 25 major irrigation production systems plus dryland activities in three states of nature (Normal, Drought and Wet). The model uses irrigation production area data derived from the 2000-01 production season, as it is considered the last 'normal' year and this data was derived from ABS (2002) and disaggregated with GIS. In order to allow growth and development in all regions the model allows the total irrigated area to be expanded by up to 70 per cent, and specifically for high value activities such as horticulture by up to 45 per cent. The accuracy of this area expansion can be found in Chapter 5.

Production Systems	Commodity Classification	Commodities included
	Citrus – High*	Grapefruit, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin, Orange
	Citrus – Low**	Grapefruit, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin, Orange
	Grapes	Table Grapes, Wine Grapes
	Stone Fruits – High*	Apricots, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum
	Stone Fruits – Low**	Apricots, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum
	Pome Fruit	Apple
	Vegetables	Asparagus, Beetroot, Broccoli, Burdock, Cabbage, Capsicum, Carrot, Cauliflower, Eggplant, Garlic, Lettuce, Onion, Potato, Pumpkin, Rockmelon, Sweet Corn, Tomato, Watermelon, Zucchini
Cotton Flex	Dryland Cotton	Non-irrigated Cotton
	Cotton	Irrigated Cotton
	Cotton Fix	Irrigated Cotton
Cotton / Chickpea	Cotton	Irrigated Cotton
	Chickpea	Irrigated Chickpea
Dryland Cotton	Dryland Cotton	Non-irrigated Cotton
	Cotton	Irrigated Cotton
Rice PSN	Rice PSD	Production System Drought Rice (less water use)
	Rice PSW	Production System Wet Rice (more water use)
Dryland Wheat	Dryland Wheat	Non-irrigated Wheat
	Rice PSW	Production System Wet Rice (more water use)
	Wheat	Irrigated Wheat

Wheat / Legume	Wheat	Irrigated Wheat
	Legume	Azuki Beans, Chickpeas, Faba Bean, Mungbean, Navy / Bean, Peanut, Soybean,
	Sorghum	Sorghum
	Oil Seeds	Canola, Sunflower
Wheat / Sheep	Wheat	Irrigated Wheat
	Sheep	Sheep on improved pasture
	Dairy – High*	Dairy
	Dairy – Low**	Dairy
	Beef	Beef production using irrigated pasture
	Sheep	Sheep production using irrigated pasture
	Dryland	Dryland production
Note: *High implies that highly efficient irrigation technology was which means a low volume of water is used in the production process, ** Low implies that less efficient irrigation technology was used which means a high water used in the production system		

Table 8: Classification of Commodities and Production Systems

The rationale for the use of production systems in the model is to reflect choice of alternative land uses in irrigation regions subject to the reliability of water availability in the states of nature. The underlying production systems' rules can be found in Table A.8. These rules outline the flexibility of a commodity to be replaced by another commodity depending on the state of nature or expected availability of irrigated water. Therefore logically perennial horticulture must always be grown in all states of nature on the same hectare of land. However, annual crops can be mixed and matched with alternatives depending on the state of nature. This highlights the advantage of using the state contingent modelling approach as the farmers become able to define their possible production mix depending on the availability of irrigation water.

Production costs & income

The model uses data obtained from commodity gross margin budgets (GMBs). GMBs provide information about gross margins for farm enterprises. They typically assist farmers as a decision tool in calculating margins for farming activities. Gross margins refer to the total income derived from an enterprise, less the variable costs incurred in the enterprise. Overhead cost, such as rates, insurance administration, and permanent labour are excluded from gross margins.

Gross margin budgets provide indicative information on a one hectare scale about yields, variable production costs (e.g. water costs, labour costs, chemical costs, machinery costs, and other costs) and prices which are central for this model. We also obtained the irrigation water requirement per commodity from the GMBs. Irrigated land area; water volume and labour availability constrain the production activities within the model. The farm financial budgets were compiled for irrigated agriculture, dryland and livestock production (see Table 8 above) for as many catchments in the Basin as possible. The data is adjusted for inflation, all costs of production and commodity prices are in 2008 values.

GMBs for livestock differ from crop GMBs due to the changing fodder demand throughout the life stages of livestock. The Dry Sheep Equivalent (DSE) was used to compare sheep and beef enterprises and carrying capacities for pasture types using recommendations for NSW pastures. In the model we considered the commodities sheep and beef based on GMB data available from NSW DPI (2008.b). This original dataset included information on improved pasture feeding and other fodder. Separate from sheep and beef production we included irrigated pasture as feeding method which is represented as the commodities Sheep/Pasture and Beef/Pasture (Table A.8.33 and Table A.8.34). Variable costs for fertilizer, herbicide and irrigation cost as well as machinery hours were taken from Spray Irrigated Lucerne GMB (NSW DPI 1999). We assumed that using irrigated pasture feed will make other fodder feeding redundant. The optimum stocking rates vary with climatic states of nature, enterprise, management and risk. We use regional stocking rates for irrigated pasture recommended as by the NSW DPI (2008.a).

The raw data was compiled and aggregated over all commodities to classifications in each catchment according to the data type set up presented in Table A.8 (Summary of aggregated gross margin data tables). The compiled GMB data sets used in the model include: yields and prices, labour input and costs, water requirements, consulting, fertiliser costs and other variable costs. Water is set at a constraint price in the model and price changes have no impact on commodity selection. Commodity prices are either compiled in the GMBs and for where no prices available in the GMBs prices have been assumed as listed in Table A.12.

The model allows the use of capital costs to be included in the analysis. The farm establishment costs and costs of required equipments and their recovery periods were obtained on a commodity basis from a range of sources. The adapted capital costs as used in the model are shown in Table A.10. The interest rate in this model was assumed to be 7 percent per annum and capital costs are settled annually using a fixed repayment structure. Average farm sizes data for each commodity in each of the catchments was adjusted from ABS 2001. Table A.7 shows the data assumptions used for farm sizes within the CMRs.

Interpretation of specific data and worksheets

The determination of production costs and benefits as presented in the GMB Tables A.8.1 to A.8.35 and subsequent have been based upon the variables described in Table 9: GMB Data Format Description.

Column	Description
Catchment	Catchment name
Yield	Average yield per hectare of the commodity in the respective CRM
Price	Average real price of the commodity in the respective CRM
Labour	Average number of work hours per hectare for hired labour
Lab. Chg.	Average real hired labour costs per hour
Tractor Hr	Average number of machinery hours per hectare
Water	Average water volume (in ML) required per hectare
Water Price	Constant water price of \$25/ML

Chemicals	Average real costs per hectare of total chemicals required
Contractor	Average real costs per hectare for contractors
Machinery	Average real costs of machinery per hectare
OVC	Average real other variable costs per hectare
VC Excl.	Total variable costs per hectare excluding water costs
Water	

Table 9: GMB Data Format Description

In the simulation we used commodity prices where available in the GMBs. Otherwise we use assumed market prices for the three states of nature from. These prices can be changed if required. Variable costs considered here include labour costs, chemical costs, contractor costs, machinery costs, other variable costs and water costs. The total variable cost per hectare excluding water costs represents the sum of all variable costs (with casual labour hours times the labour charge) less the water costs per hectare.

In the analyses presented in Chapter 5 we use yield, price, water, labour and variable cost requirements for all catchments in the three states of nature. The calculations of these requirements are based on production rules (A.8) and GMBs (A.8.1 to A.8.35). The production rules summarise the assumed changes to yields, water requirements and costs for the 'Drought' and 'Wet' state of nature. The changes in production inputs or costs are applied to the GMBs. For the 'Normal' state of nature, GMB data remains unchanged.

The commodity yield requirement for each state of nature is a product of the yield shown in the commodity GMB and a yield multiplier which is presented in the production rules. The price for the commodities is based on available data for each state of nature as described above. The income in each state of nature is calculated as a product of the yield in a specific region and the price of the crop. The water requirement for each state of nature is a product of the water needed per hectare for each commodity (shown the GMB tables) and the water multiplier. Variable costs requirements per state of nature are based on the total variable costs including water costs, the annualised repayment rate for capital costs in the GMBs and the adjustments costs per hectare which apply in the 'Drought' and 'Wet' states of nature.

The operator labour cost requirement, is the labour required for operating machinery per state of nature. It is the product of machinery hours required per hectare (see GMBs), a labour multiplier (see Table A.13) and the labour costs for operated machinery which is set fixed to \$25.

Determination of economic return

Profit = Income – total costs

Where

Income = Yield * Price (basin wide price not GMB)

Total costs = Variable costs + fixed costs

Variable costs = GMB data (adjusted for basin wide water price and basin wide casual labour costs)

Fixed costs = annualised capital payments + operator labour (operator labour fixed basin wide)

See Table 9 in the Appendix where the average dollar return per megalitre of water is presented.

Limitations of the model

The model used for this project is a replica of the Basin. The limitations of the model include:

- Changes in long term prices and costs are not considered;
- The use of a static simulation approach, the unit of time is a year. There would be advantages in disaggregating time to represent seasonality in the use of water and supply;
- The need for further spatial disaggregation of the basin scale;
- Environmental assets such as wetlands located along the river systems are not accounted for simplistically in this model. All environmental assets are modelled within a catchment with the exception of the Coorong which is explicitly modelled ;
- Lack and age of some commodity production data for each of the regions;
- Changes in dam release rules are not considered; and
- Changes in long term water supply are not considered

Altering inflows and their reliability due to climate change scenarios can be simulated using this model; however, it is not focus of the analysis for this project.

A detailed list of all sources for data and adjusted data used in this model is provided in the Bibliography.

Summary

The Murray-Darling Basin Model described in this Chapter is constrained by the availability of data and other limitations. However, the problem of uncertainty to irrigated agricultural production is a central issue in the sustainable management of the Murray-Darling Basin. Farmers and other water users adopt a range of strategies to manage and mitigate uncertainty. The state contingent approach provides a way to model flexible responses to uncertainties in the production process. The model in its current state is a tool to test water policies by attempting to optimise irrigated production within the Basin. The aim of these analyses is to illustrate how scarce resources could be utilised within the Basin. For example

environmental issues are of increasing concern and the model can be used to optimise resources by incorporating water quality control in the framework that has a defined required flow by state of nature at key points along the basin.

Data Sources & Bibliography

Introduction

This section is divided into the following sections

Production Statistics

- Area of production & water use in the basin
 - Farming systems data
- Costs of Production
 - Gross Margin Budgets
 - Capital Costs
 - CPI Data

Water Resources

- Water Flow
- CAP
- Salinity

Production Area & Water Use

Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), 2009, Water Use on Australian Farms, 2007-08, Catalogue No. 4618.0, Canberra

2008, Agricultural Commodities: 2005-06, Catalogue No. 7121.0, Canberra

2008, Water Use on Australian Farms: 2005-06: Catalogue No. 6418.0, Canberra

2008, Water and the Murray-Darling Basin: A Statistical Profile 2000-01 to 2005-06, Catalogue No. 4610.0.55.007, Canberra

2007, Year Book Australia, 2007: Catalogue No. 1301.0, Canberra

2004, AgStats on GSP (Geographical Statistics Platform) 1996-97 to 2000-01, Catalogue No. 7117.0.30.001, Canberra

2001, CDATA 2001, Catalogue No. 2040.0.30.003, Canberra

Australian Bureau of Agriculture and Resource Economics, ABARE, 2003, Australian Commodity Statistics 2003, ABARE, Canberra

Estimated Farm Size:

ABARE (2003), Farm Surveys Report 2003, ABARE, Canberra

Alexander, F. and Kocic, P. 2005, Productivity in the Australian Grains Industry, ABARE eReport 05.3 Prepared for the Grains Research and Development Corporation, Canberra, February.

McGuckian, R, 2002, Implications for farm viability off reduced allocation in the Murray irrigation area: Final Report

Productivity Commission 2005, Trends in Australian Agriculture, Research Paper, Canberra.

Patton, D.A. and J.D. Mullen, 2001, Farming Systems in the Central West of NSW: An Economic Analysis, Economic Research Report No. 7, NSW Agriculture, Trangie.

Hardman, P and Strahan, R, 2000, Farm size guidelines for horticultural cropping in the Lockyer and Fassifern valleys, DNR, QLD

Productivity Commission 2002, Citrus Growing and Processing, Report no. 20, AusInfo, Canberra.

URS, 2004, Grain and Graze C/-Land and Water Australia, South Australia

Growing Rice in Australia <http://www.rga.org.au/rice/growingau.asp>, accessed 06/09/06

Costs of Production

Gross Margin Budgets – Queensland

Harris, G., 2003, Irrigated Barley Gross Margin Budget 2002-3, Darling Downs, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Brisbane

2003, Irrigated Sorghum Gross Margin Budget 2002-3, Darling Downs, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Brisbane

2003, Irrigated Maize Gross Margin Budget 2002-03, Darling Downs, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Brisbane

2003, Irrigated Sunflower Gross Margin Budget 2002-03, Darling Downs, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Brisbane

2003, Irrigated Soybean Gross Margin Budget 2002-03, Darling Downs, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Brisbane

2003, Irrigated Sunflower Gross Margin Budget 2002-03, Darling Downs, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Brisbane

2003, Irrigated Cotton Gross Margin Budget 2002-03, Darling Downs, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Brisbane

Heisswolf, S., Jackwitz, K., 1999, Production economics, Department of Primary Industries, Brisbane

Goss Margin Budgets – New South Wales

Australian Bureau of Agriculture and Resource Economics (ABARE), 2009, Australian dairy, 09.1

NSW Department of Primary Industries, 2008 (a), Summer crop gross margin budgets 2007-08, URL: <http://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/farm-business/budgets> (Accessed: June 2008).

Faour, K., Singh, R.P., Napier, T., Hickey, M., Kelley, G., Beckingham, C., Wade, S., 2008, Vegetable crop gross margin budgets 2007-08, NSW Department of Primary Industries, URL: <http://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/farm-business/budgets> (Accessed: June 2008)

NSW Department of Primary Industries, 2008 (b), Livestock gross margin budgets 2004-08, URL: <http://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/farm-business/budgets> (Accessed: June 2008)

NSW Department of Primary Industries (DPI), 2007, Irrigated Central Summer Crop Gross Margins 2006/07, Summer Crop Gross Margin Budgets

NSW Department of Primary Industries (DPI), 2007, Irrigated Murray Summer Gross Crop Margins 2007/08, Summer Crop Gross Margin Budgets

NSW Department of Primary Industries (DPI), 2007, Irrigated Murrumbidgee Summer Crop Gross Margins 2007/08, Summer Crop Gross Margin Budgets

NSW Department of Primary Industries (DPI), 2007, Dryland North-West Summer Corp Gross Margins 2007/08, Summer Crop Gross Margin Budgets

NSW Department of Primary Industries (DPI), 2007, Irrigated Northern Summer Corp Gross Margins 2007/08, Summer Crop Gross Margin Budgets

NSW Department of Primary Industries (DPI), 2007, Dryland North-East Summer Corp Gross Margins 2007/08, Summer Crop Gross Margin Budgets

NSW Department of Primary Industries (DPI), 2004, Using DSEs and carrying capacities to compare beef enterprises, URL: <http://www.agric.nsw.gov.au/reader/beefbudinfo/dse-carrying-capacity.htm> (Accessed: August 2004)

Falivene, S., 2003, Farm Budget Handbook 2003, NSW Citrus, NSW Agriculture, Dareton ARAS

NSW Department of Primary Industries (DPI), 2001, Vegetables Crop Gross Margin Budgets

NSW Department of Primary Industries (DPI), 1999, Grazing management of Lucerne, URL: <http://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/field/pastures/management/grazing-management/grazing-management-of-lucerne> (Accessed: October 2008)

Scott, F., 1997, Farm Budget Handbook 1997, Winter Crops Northern NSW, NSW Agriculture, Tamworth

Gross Margin Budgets – Victoria

Montecillo, O., Jones, D., Gray, D., 2009, Northern Irrigation Cropping Gross Margins 2009-10, Farm Services Victoria, Department of Primary Industries Victoria, Melbourne

Australian Bureau of Agriculture and Resource Economics (ABARE), 2009, Commodity outlook and financial performances of key agricultural industries in the Gippsland region of Victoria, ABARE paper prepared for Victorian AgFutures Conference, 09.8

2009, Commodity outlook and financial performances of key agricultural industries in Central Northern Victoria, ABARE paper prepared for Victorian AgFutures Conference, 09.11

2009, Commodity outlook and financial performances of key agricultural industries in the Yorke and Lower North region of South Australia, ABARE paper prepared for Victorian AgFutures Conference, 09.13

Montecillo, O., 2008, Northern Victoria Irrigated Cropping Gross Margin Budgets 2008-09, Catchment and Agricultural Services, Department of Primary Industries Victoria (unpublished data)

Montecillo, O., Reeves, C., 2005, Loddon Murray Region Horticulture Gross Margin Budgets 2005-06, Catchment and Agricultural Services, Department of Primary Industries Victoria, Melbourne

Montecillo, O., Jones, D., Gray, D., 2005, Northern Victoria Irrigated Cropping Gross Margin Budgets 2008-09, Catchment and Agricultural Services, Department of Primary Industries Victoria, Melbourne

Brown, C., 2000, Horticultural Gross Margin Budgets for the Loddon Murray Region 1999/2000, Department of Natural Resources and Environment, Swan Hill

Gross Margin Budgets – South Australia

SA Department for Primary Industries, 2008, Gross Margins and Development Budgets for Horticultural Crops in South Australia (unpublished data), based on: Delaporte, K., Kivi, S., 2008, Gross Margin and Development Budgets for Horticulture Crops in South Australia, Scholefield Robinson Horticulture Services; data provided by Andrew Manson, SA Department for Primary Industries (personal correspondence: 22 October 2008) and

Graham Trengove, PIRSA Corporate Strategy and Policy (personal correspondence: 21 November 2008)

Other GMB data sources

Australian Bureau of Agriculture and Resource Economics (ABARE), 2003, Farm Surveys Report 2003, ABARE, Canberra

Alexander, F. and Heaney, A., 2003, Potential Impact of Saline Irrigation Water on the Grape Industry in the Murray Darling Basin, Final Report to the Grape and Wine Research and Development Corporation, ABARE eReport 03.6, Canberra

Alexander, F. and Kokic, P., 2005, Productivity in the Australian Grains Industry, ABARE eReport 05.3 Prepared for the Grains Research and Development Corporation, Canberra

Appels, D., Douglas, R., Dwyer, G., 2004, Responsiveness of Water Demand: A focus on the southern Murray-Darling Basin, Productivity Commission Staff Working Paper, Melbourne

Gordon, W., 2004, A Survey of Wine Grape Producers in the Clare and Victorian Murray Valley Regions, 2002-03, ABARE eReport 04.16, Prepared for the Grape and Wine Research and Development Corporation, Canberra,

Hardman, P and Strahan, R, 2000, Farm size guidelines for horticultural cropping in the Lockyer and Fassifern valleys, Queensland Department of Natural Resources, Brisbane
McGuckian, R., 2002, Implications for farm viability off reduced allocation in the Murray irrigation area: Final Report

Patton, D.A. and J.D. Mullen, 2001, Farming Systems in the Central West of NSW: An Economic Analysis, Economic Research Report No. 7, NSW Agriculture

Productivity Commission, 2005, Trends in Australian Agriculture, Research Paper, Canberra
Productivity Commission, 2002, Citrus Growing and Processing, Report No. 20, AusInfo, Canberra

Rice Growers Australia Association, 2009, Growing Rice in Australia: URL: <http://www.rga.org.au/rice/growingau.asp>, (Accessed: September 2009)

Capital Costs

Australian Bureau of Agriculture and Resource Economics (ABARE), 2003, Farm Surveys Report 2003, ABARE, Canberra

Queensland Department of Natural Resource Management and Water (QDNRM&W), 2004, Discounted Cash Flow Model: Beef Irrigated Silage/Irrigated Grain, Burdekin Water Resource Plan (DRAFT).

2004, Discounted Cash Flow Model: Horticulture Various, Burdekin Water Resource Plan (DRAFT)

2004, Discounted Cash Flow Model: Cotton, Burdekin Water Resource Plan (DRAFT)

Johnson, D., 1998, Capital Costs For citrus and Grapes data sets (personal communication)

Falivene, S., 2003, Farm Budget Handbook 2003: NSW Citrus, NSW Agriculture

Hassalls & Associates, 2000, The New Rural Industries: Volume II, RIRDC, RIRDC Project No HAS-6A, dataset for wine grapes <http://www.rirdc.gov.au/reports/NAP/winegrapes.xls>

Consumer Price Index Data

Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2003, Catalogue No. 6401.0 Consumer Price Index, Australia, Table 1A. CPI: All Groups, Index Numbers (Financial Year)(a), Canberra (for 1949-2004), URL: <http://www.abs.gov.au/Ausstats/abs@.nsf/lookupresponses/e236cc10ba2a07aeca25688d001c2f0c?opendocument>, or <http://www.abs.gov.au/ausstats/abs@.nsf/mf/6401.0> (Accessed: October 2008)

2008, Catalogue No. 6401.0 Consumer Price Index, Australia, Sep 2008, Table 1A. CPI: All Groups, Index Numbers (Financial Year)(a), Canberra, (for 2004-2008), URL: [http://www.ausstats.abs.gov.au/ausstats/subscriber.nsf/0/7F6D88664CBB2935CA2574E90013478D/\\$File/64010_sep%202008.pdf](http://www.ausstats.abs.gov.au/ausstats/subscriber.nsf/0/7F6D88664CBB2935CA2574E90013478D/$File/64010_sep%202008.pdf) (Accessed: October 2008)

Water Resources

Flow Data (Natural Flow, Groundwater, Transfer Water, Cap)

Murray Darling Basin Commission (MDBC), 2006, Murray-Darling Basin Water Resources Fact Sheet, Murray-Darling Basin Commission, July 2006.

http://www2.mdbc.gov.au/_data/page/20/MDB-WaterResources-FactSheet-July2006.pdf

2003, Murray-Darling Basin Water Resources Fact Sheet, Murray-Darling Basin Commission, November 2003.

http://www2.mdbc.gov.au/_data/page/20/water_resourcesver2.pdf

Water Use

Goulburn-Murray Water, 2009, Catchment Water Resources, URL: <http://www.gmwater.com.au/water-resources/catchments> (Accessed: October 2009)

Marsden Jacob Associates, 2000, Murray-Darling Basin Commission, Review of the Operations of the Cap: Economic & Social Impacts, March 2000, Camberwell

Murray-Darling Basin Commission, 2009, Water Audit Monitoring Report 2007-08, Report of the Murray–Darling Basin Authority on the Cap on Diversions, MDBC Publication No. 12/09, ISBN (online) 978-1-921557-21-7, June 2009, Canberra

2008, Review of Cap Implementation 2006/07, Report of the Independent Audit Group, MDBC Publication No. 27/08, ISBN 978 1 921257 67 4, March 2008, Canberra

2007, Review of Cap Implementation 2005/06, Report of the Independent Audit Group Report of the Independent Audit Group: Including Special Audit of the Barwon-Darling/Lower Darling Cap Valley, MDBC Publication No. 12/07, March 2007, Canberra

2007, Water Audit Monitoring Report 2005/06, Report of the Murray-Darling Basin Commission on the Cap on Diversion, MDBC Publication No. 24/07, ISBN 1 921257 34 2, June 2007, Canberra

2007, Review of Cap Implementation 2005/06, Report of the Independent Audit Group, MDBC Publication No. 12/07, ISBN 1 921257 22 9, March 2007, Canberra

2006, Improvement in accuracy of measurements of diversions and return under the cap, MDBC Publication No. 43/06, ISBN 1 921257 09 1, October 2006, Canberra

2006, Water Audit Monitoring Report 2004/05, Report of the Murray-Darling Basin Commission on the Cap on Diversions, MDBC Publication No. 27/06, ISBN 1 921 038 93 4, June 2006, Canberra

2006, Review of Cap Implementation 2004/05, Report of the Independent Audit Group, MDBC Publication No. 19/06, ISBN 1 921038 85 3, March 2006, Canberra

2005, Water Audit Monitoring Report 2003/04, Report of the Murray-Darling Basin Commission on the Cap on Diversions (June 2005); Special Audit NSW Barwon-Darling/Lower Darling Cap Valley, Report of the Independent Audit Group (May 2005), MDBC Publication No. 17/05, ISBN 1 921 038 500, Canberra

2005, Review of Cap Implementation 2003/04, Report of the Independent Audit Group, MDBC Publication No. 12/05, ISBN 1 921038 44 6, March 2005, Canberra

2005, Basin Salinity Management Strategy Operational Protocols Version 2.0, March 2005, Canberra

2005, Audit of Murray-Darling Basin Cap Data Management System, MDBC Publication No. 13/05, ISBN 1 921038 45 4, Canberra

2004, Report of the Independent Audit Group for Salinity 2002-03, MDBC Publication No. 84/04, ISBN 1 921038 30 6, November 2004, Canberra

2004, Water Audit Monitoring Report 2002/03, Report of the Murray-Darling Basin Commission on the Cap on Diversions, MDBC Publication No. 35/04, ISBN 1 876 830 875, June 2004, Canberra

2004, Review of Cap Implementation 2002/03, Report of the Independent Audit Group, MDBC Publication No. 13/04, ISBN 1 876830 79 4, March 2004, Canberra

2003, Review of Cap Implementation 2001/02, Report of the Independent Audit Group, Including Special Audits of the Lachlan and Gwydir Valleys and Responses by the Five State and Territory Governments, ISBN 1 8768 3046 8, March 2003, Canberra

2003, Water Audit Monitoring Report 2001/02, Report of the Murray-Darling Basin Commission on the Cap on Diversions, ISBN 1 876 830 62 X, June 2003, Canberra

2002, Water Audit Monitoring Report 2000/01, Report of the Murray-Darling Basin Commission on the Cap on Diversions, ISBN 1 876830 42 5, September 2002, Canberra

2002, Review of Cap Implementation 2000/01, Report of the Independent Audit Group, Including Responses by Five State and Territory Governments, ISBN 1 876830 32 8, March 2002, Canberra

2002, Review of Cap Implementation 2000/01, Report of the Independent Audit Group, Including Responses by Five State and Territory Governments, ISBN 1 876830 32 8, March 2002, Canberra

2002, Murray-Darling Basin Commission Annual Report 2001–2002, ISSN 1003-6745, Canberra

2001, Water Audit Monitoring Report 1999/00, Report of the Murray-Darling Basin Commission on the Cap on Diversions, ISBN 1-876830-24-7, October 2001, Canberra

2001, Special Cap Audit Gwydir Valley NSW Border Rivers Report of the Independent Audit Group, March 2001, Canberra

2001, Review of Cap Implementation 1999/00, Report of the Independent Audit Group, Including Responses by Five State and Territory Governments, ISBN 1876830 14 X, March 2001, Canberra

2001, Special Cap Audit Gwydir Valley NSW Border Rivers, Report of the Independent Audit Group, March 2001, Canberra

2001, Review of Cap Implementation 1999/00, Report of the Independent Audit Group Including Responses by Five State and Territory Governments, ISBN 1876830 14 X, March 2001, Canberra

2000, Water Audit Monitoring Report 1998/99, Report of the Murray-Darling Basin Commission on the Cap on Diversions, ISSN 1442-0414, August 2000, Canberra

1999, Review of Cap Implementation 1998/99, Report of the Independent Audit Group Including Responses by the Five State and Territory Governments, ISSN 1442-0368, November 1999, Canberra

1999, Water Audit Monitoring Report 1997/98, Report of the Murray-Darling Basin Commission on the Cap on Diversions, ISSN 1442 0414, April 1999, Canberra

1998, Review of Cap Implementation 1997/98, Report of the Independent Audit Group, Including Responses by the Four State Governments, November 1998, Canberra

1998, Murray-Darling Basin Cap on Diversions Water Year 1997/98, Annual Basin Diversion (GL) Cap on Diversions Growth in Diversion up to 1993/94, Striking The Balance, Canberra

1997, Review of Cap Implementation 1996/97, Report of the Independent Audit Group, ISBN 1 875209 82 4, August 1997, Canberra

1997, Water Audit Monitoring Report 1994/95, A Preliminary Report of the Murray-Darling Basin Commission on Diversions, June 1997, Canberra

Salinity & End of Valley Targets

Murray Darling Basin Commission (MDBC), 2005, Basin Salinity Management Strategy, Operational Protocols, Approved End of valley targets, URL: http://www.mdbc.gov.au/subs/dynamic_reports/bsms_op_protocols/HTML/appendix/2_1.htm (Accessed: March 2009)

River Murray Water, 2003, Keeping salt out of the Murray, URL: http://www.mdbc.gov.au/__data/page/105/SIS_brochure.pdf (Accessed: October 2009)

Other

Adamson, D., Mallawaarachchi, T., Quiggin, J., 2009, Declining inflows and more frequent droughts in the Murray–Darling Basin: climate change, impacts and adaptation, Australian Journal of Agriculture and Resource Economics, 53, pp 345-366.

Adamson, D., Mallawaarachchi, T., Quiggin, J., 2007, Water use and salinity in the Murray-Darling Basin: A state-contingent model, Australian Journal of Agriculture and Resource Economics, 51, pp 263-281

Chambers, R. G., Quiggin, J., 2000, Uncertainty, Production, Choice and Agency: The State – Contingent Approach, Cambridge University Press, New York

Appendices

Appendix: Climate Change Data

Table: No Climate Mitigated – Hot Dry (U1)

Catchment	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
Condamine	72.0%	57.6%	36.7%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Border Rivers QLD	72.2%	58.0%	37.3%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Warrego-Paroo	68.0%	51.7%	27.8%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Namoi	76.7%	64.8%	47.4%	23.6%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Central West	75.4%	62.9%	44.5%	19.5%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Maranoa Balonne	68.0%	51.6%	27.7%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Border Rivers Gwydir	77.1%	65.3%	48.2%	24.9%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Western	71.4%	56.7%	35.3%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Lachlan	76.9%	65.1%	47.8%	24.3%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Murrumbidgee	79.8%	69.5%	54.4%	33.8%	10.5%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
North East	84.8%	77.0%	65.7%	50.2%	32.7%	15.9%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Murray 1	77.0%	65.2%	48.0%	24.6%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Goulburn Broken	80.3%	70.3%	55.6%	35.5%	12.8%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Murray 2	77.0%	65.2%	48.0%	24.6%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
North Central	79.9%	69.7%	54.7%	34.2%	11.1%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Murray 3	77.0%	65.2%	48.0%	24.6%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Mallee	76.5%	64.5%	46.9%	23.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
LMDB	72.7%	58.7%	38.4%	10.6%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
SAMDB	74.4%	61.4%	42.3%	16.2%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Snowy River	82.4%	73.4%	60.3%	42.3%	22.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%

Table: No Climate Mitigated –Median Case (U2)

Catchment	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
Condamine	91.6%	87.4%	81.1%	72.6%	63.0%	53.7%	45.4%	38.2%	31.8%
Border Rivers QLD	91.7%	87.5%	81.3%	72.9%	63.3%	54.2%	45.9%	38.7%	32.4%
Warrego-Paroo	91.4%	87.1%	80.7%	72.0%	62.1%	52.7%	44.1%	36.7%	30.2%
Namoi	93.2%	89.8%	84.7%	77.8%	70.0%	62.5%	55.7%	49.8%	44.7%
Central West	93.4%	90.0%	85.1%	78.3%	70.7%	63.4%	56.8%	51.0%	46.0%
Maranoa Balonne	91.4%	87.1%	80.7%	72.0%	62.1%	52.6%	44.1%	36.7%	30.2%
Border Rivers Gwydir	93.3%	89.9%	84.9%	78.1%	70.4%	63.1%	56.4%	50.6%	45.6%
Western	92.7%	88.9%	83.4%	76.0%	67.5%	59.4%	52.1%	45.7%	40.1%
Lachlan	93.2%	89.7%	84.7%	77.8%	69.9%	62.4%	55.6%	49.8%	44.6%
Murrumbidgee	93.3%	89.9%	84.9%	78.1%	70.3%	62.9%	56.2%	50.4%	45.4%
North East	93.8%	90.7%	86.1%	79.8%	72.7%	65.9%	59.8%	54.4%	49.8%
Murray 1	92.5%	88.7%	83.2%	75.6%	67.0%	58.8%	51.3%	44.9%	39.2%
Goulburn Broken	91.7%	87.5%	81.4%	72.9%	63.4%	54.3%	46.0%	38.9%	32.6%
Murray 2	92.5%	88.7%	83.2%	75.6%	67.0%	58.8%	51.3%	44.9%	39.2%
North Central	91.3%	86.9%	80.5%	71.6%	61.7%	52.1%	43.4%	35.9%	29.4%
Murray 3	92.5%	88.7%	83.2%	75.6%	67.0%	58.8%	51.3%	44.9%	39.2%
Mallee	91.1%	86.5%	79.9%	70.8%	60.5%	50.7%	41.8%	34.0%	27.3%
LMDB	92.2%	88.2%	82.3%	74.4%	65.3%	56.7%	48.9%	42.1%	36.2%
Snowy River	89.3%	83.9%	75.9%	65.0%	52.7%	40.9%	30.2%	21.0%	12.9%

Table: No Climate Mitigated – Wet Mild (U3)

Catchment	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
Condamine	109.5%	114.3%	121.4%	131.0%	141.9%	152.4%	161.9%	170.1%	177.3%
Border Rivers QLD	109.4%	114.2%	121.2%	130.7%	141.5%	151.9%	161.3%	169.4%	176.5%
Warrego-Paroo	111.7%	117.7%	126.4%	138.4%	151.9%	164.8%	176.5%	186.7%	190.0%
Namoi	108.4%	112.6%	118.9%	127.4%	137.0%	146.2%	154.6%	161.8%	168.1%
Central West	108.3%	112.6%	118.8%	127.3%	137.0%	146.2%	154.5%	161.8%	168.1%
Maranoa Balonne	111.7%	117.7%	126.5%	138.4%	151.9%	164.9%	176.6%	186.8%	190.0%
Border Rivers Gwydir	108.2%	112.4%	118.5%	126.9%	136.3%	145.4%	153.6%	160.7%	167.0%
Western	110.8%	116.4%	124.5%	135.5%	148.0%	160.0%	170.8%	180.2%	188.4%
Lachlan	106.6%	109.9%	114.8%	121.5%	129.1%	136.4%	142.9%	148.6%	153.6%
Murrumbidgee	104.4%	106.7%	110.0%	114.5%	119.7%	124.6%	129.0%	132.9%	136.2%
North East	101.3%	101.9%	102.9%	104.2%	105.6%	107.0%	108.3%	109.4%	110.4%
Murray 1	105.4%	108.2%	112.2%	117.7%	124.0%	130.0%	135.4%	140.1%	144.2%
Goulburn Broken	101.2%	101.7%	102.6%	103.8%	105.1%	106.4%	107.6%	108.6%	109.4%
Murray 2	105.4%	108.2%	112.2%	117.7%	124.0%	130.0%	135.4%	140.1%	144.2%
North Central	101.0%	101.5%	102.3%	103.3%	104.5%	105.6%	106.6%	107.5%	108.2%
Murray 3	105.4%	108.2%	112.2%	117.7%	124.0%	130.0%	135.4%	140.1%	144.2%
Mallee	103.8%	105.8%	108.7%	112.6%	117.0%	121.3%	125.1%	128.4%	131.4%
LMDB	108.8%	113.3%	119.9%	128.8%	139.0%	148.7%	157.5%	165.1%	171.8%
Snowy River	103.1%	104.7%	107.0%	110.2%	113.8%	117.2%	120.3%	123.0%	125.4%

Table: Mitigation Scenario 550 –Dry

Catchment	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
Condamine	69.8%	52.6%	35.2%	22.7%	14.9%	10.5%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Border Rivers QLD	70.1%	53.1%	35.8%	23.5%	15.7%	11.3%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Warrego-Paroo	65.6%	46.0%	26.1%	11.8%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Namoi	74.9%	60.6%	46.2%	35.8%	29.3%	25.6%	22.8%	20.8%	19.4%
Central West	73.5%	58.5%	43.2%	32.3%	25.4%	21.5%	18.6%	16.5%	15.0%
Maranoa Balonne	65.5%	45.9%	26.0%	11.8%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Border Rivers Gwydir	75.3%	61.3%	47.0%	36.8%	30.4%	26.8%	24.0%	22.1%	20.7%
Western	69.2%	51.6%	33.8%	21.1%	13.1%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Lachlan	75.1%	61.0%	46.6%	36.3%	29.9%	26.3%	23.5%	21.5%	20.1%
Murrumbidgee	78.3%	65.9%	53.3%	44.3%	38.7%	35.5%	33.0%	31.3%	30.1%
North East	83.7%	74.3%	64.9%	58.1%	53.9%	51.5%	49.7%	48.4%	47.5%
Murray 1	75.2%	61.1%	46.8%	36.6%	30.1%	26.5%	23.7%	21.8%	20.4%
Goulburn Broken	78.8%	66.8%	54.5%	45.8%	40.3%	37.2%	34.8%	33.1%	32.0%
Murray 2	75.2%	61.1%	46.8%	36.6%	30.1%	26.5%	23.7%	21.8%	20.4%
North Central	78.4%	66.1%	53.6%	44.7%	39.1%	35.9%	33.5%	31.8%	30.6%
Murray 3	75.2%	61.1%	46.8%	36.6%	30.1%	26.5%	23.7%	21.8%	20.4%
Mallee	74.7%	60.3%	45.7%	35.2%	28.6%	24.9%	22.1%	20.1%	18.7%
LMDB	70.6%	53.9%	36.9%	24.8%	17.2%	12.9%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Snowy River	72.5%	56.8%	40.9%	29.5%	22.4%	18.4%	15.3%	13.1%	11.6%

Table: Mitigation Scenario 550 –Median

Catchment	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
Condamine	91.0%	85.9%	80.7%	77.0%	74.6%	73.3%	72.3%	71.6%	71.1%
Border Rivers QLD	91.1%	86.0%	80.9%	77.2%	74.9%	73.6%	72.6%	71.9%	71.4%
Warrego-Paroo	90.8%	85.6%	80.2%	76.4%	74.1%	72.7%	71.7%	70.9%	70.4%
Namoi	92.7%	88.5%	84.3%	81.3%	79.4%	78.4%	77.5%	77.0%	76.6%
Central West	92.9%	88.8%	84.7%	81.8%	79.9%	78.9%	78.1%	77.5%	77.1%
Maranoa Balonne	90.8%	85.5%	80.2%	76.4%	74.0%	72.7%	71.6%	70.9%	70.4%
Border Rivers Gwydir	92.8%	88.7%	84.6%	81.6%	79.8%	78.7%	77.9%	77.3%	76.9%
Western	92.1%	87.6%	83.0%	79.8%	77.7%	76.6%	75.7%	75.1%	74.6%
Lachlan	92.7%	88.5%	84.3%	81.3%	79.4%	78.3%	77.5%	76.9%	76.5%
Murrumbidgee	92.8%	88.7%	84.5%	81.5%	79.7%	78.6%	77.8%	77.2%	76.8%
North East	93.4%	89.6%	85.8%	83.0%	81.3%	80.3%	79.6%	79.1%	78.7%
Murray 1	92.0%	87.4%	82.8%	79.5%	77.4%	76.2%	75.3%	74.7%	74.2%
Goulburn Broken	91.1%	86.0%	80.9%	77.2%	74.9%	73.6%	72.6%	71.9%	71.4%
Murray 2	92.0%	87.4%	82.8%	79.5%	77.4%	76.2%	75.3%	74.7%	74.2%
North Central	90.7%	85.4%	80.0%	76.1%	73.7%	72.4%	71.3%	70.6%	70.1%
Murray 3	92.0%	87.4%	82.8%	79.5%	77.4%	76.2%	75.3%	74.7%	74.2%
Mallee	90.4%	84.9%	79.4%	75.4%	73.0%	71.5%	70.5%	69.7%	69.2%
LMDB	91.6%	86.8%	81.9%	78.4%	76.3%	75.0%	74.1%	73.4%	73.0%
Snowy River	88.5%	82.0%	75.3%	70.6%	67.6%	65.9%	64.6%	63.7%	63.1%

Table: Mitigation Scenario 550 –Wet

Catchment	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
Condamine	110.2%	116.0%	121.9%	126.1%	128.7%	130.2%	131.4%	132.2%	132.7%
Border Rivers QLD	110.1%	115.8%	121.7%	125.8%	128.5%	129.9%	131.1%	131.9%	132.4%
Warrego-Paroo	112.6%	119.8%	127.1%	132.3%	135.5%	137.4%	138.8%	139.8%	140.5%
Namoi	109.0%	114.1%	119.3%	123.0%	125.3%	126.7%	127.7%	128.4%	128.9%
Central West	109.0%	114.1%	119.3%	123.0%	125.3%	126.6%	127.7%	128.4%	128.9%
Maranoa Balonne	112.6%	119.8%	127.1%	132.3%	135.6%	137.4%	138.9%	139.8%	140.5%
Border Rivers Gwydir	108.8%	113.9%	119.0%	122.6%	124.9%	126.2%	127.2%	127.9%	128.4%
Western	111.7%	118.3%	125.0%	129.9%	132.9%	134.6%	135.9%	136.8%	137.5%
Lachlan	107.1%	111.1%	115.2%	118.1%	119.9%	121.0%	121.8%	122.3%	122.7%
Murrumbidgee	104.8%	107.5%	110.3%	112.2%	113.5%	114.2%	114.7%	115.1%	115.4%
North East	101.4%	102.1%	102.9%	103.5%	103.9%	104.1%	104.2%	104.3%	104.4%
Murray 1	105.8%	109.1%	112.5%	114.9%	116.4%	117.3%	117.9%	118.4%	118.7%
Goulburn Broken	101.2%	102.0%	102.7%	103.2%	103.5%	103.7%	103.8%	103.9%	104.0%
Murray 2	105.8%	109.1%	112.5%	114.9%	116.4%	117.3%	117.9%	118.4%	118.7%
North Central	101.1%	101.7%	102.3%	102.8%	103.1%	103.2%	103.3%	103.4%	103.5%
Murray 3	105.8%	109.1%	112.5%	114.9%	116.4%	117.3%	117.9%	118.4%	118.7%
Mallee	104.1%	106.5%	108.9%	110.6%	111.7%	112.3%	112.7%	113.1%	113.3%
LMDB	109.5%	114.9%	120.3%	124.3%	126.7%	128.1%	129.2%	129.9%	130.4%
Snowy River	103.3%	105.2%	107.1%	108.4%	109.3%	109.8%	110.2%	110.4%	110.6%

Table: Mitigation Scenario 450 –Median

Catchment	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
Condamine	89.6%	84.6%	81.4%	79.4%	78.4%	77.9%	77.7%	77.8%	78.0%
Border Rivers QLD	89.7%	84.7%	81.5%	79.6%	78.6%	78.1%	77.9%	78.0%	78.2%
Warrego-Paroo	89.4%	84.3%	80.9%	78.9%	77.9%	77.4%	77.2%	77.3%	77.5%
Namoi	91.6%	87.5%	84.9%	83.3%	82.5%	82.1%	81.9%	82.0%	82.2%
Central West	91.8%	87.8%	85.2%	83.7%	82.9%	82.5%	82.3%	82.4%	82.6%
Maranoa Balonne	89.4%	84.2%	80.9%	78.9%	77.9%	77.3%	77.2%	77.3%	77.5%
Border Rivers Gwydir	91.7%	87.7%	85.1%	83.5%	82.7%	82.3%	82.2%	82.3%	82.5%
Western	90.9%	86.5%	83.6%	81.9%	81.0%	80.6%	80.4%	80.5%	80.7%
Lachlan	91.6%	87.5%	84.9%	83.3%	82.4%	82.0%	81.9%	82.0%	82.1%
Murrumbidgee	91.7%	87.7%	85.1%	83.5%	82.7%	82.3%	82.1%	82.2%	82.4%
North East	92.4%	88.7%	86.3%	84.8%	84.1%	83.7%	83.6%	83.6%	83.8%
Murray 1	90.8%	86.3%	83.4%	81.6%	80.7%	80.3%	80.1%	80.2%	80.4%
Goulburn Broken	89.8%	84.8%	81.6%	79.6%	78.6%	78.1%	78.0%	78.0%	78.3%
Murray 2	90.8%	86.3%	83.4%	81.6%	80.7%	80.3%	80.1%	80.2%	80.4%
North Central	89.3%	84.1%	80.7%	78.7%	77.6%	77.1%	76.9%	77.0%	77.2%
Murray 3	90.8%	86.3%	83.4%	81.6%	80.7%	80.3%	80.1%	80.2%	80.4%
Mallee	88.9%	83.6%	80.1%	78.0%	76.9%	76.4%	76.2%	76.3%	76.6%
LMDB	90.3%	85.6%	82.6%	80.7%	79.8%	79.3%	79.1%	79.2%	79.4%
Snowy River	86.8%	80.3%	76.2%	73.7%	72.4%	71.7%	71.5%	71.6%	71.9%

Table: A –Dry Reference Case

Catchment	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
Condamine	79.2%	73.8%	68.3%	62.8%	58.0%	54.3%	51.5%	49.7%	48.8%
Border Rivers QLD	79.4%	74.1%	68.6%	63.2%	58.4%	54.7%	52.0%	50.2%	49.2%
Warrego-Paroo	76.2%	70.1%	63.8%	57.6%	52.1%	47.8%	44.7%	42.6%	41.5%
Namoi	82.7%	78.2%	73.6%	69.1%	65.1%	62.0%	59.7%	58.2%	57.4%
Central West	81.7%	77.0%	72.2%	67.4%	63.2%	59.9%	57.5%	55.9%	55.1%
Maranoa Balonne	76.2%	70.1%	63.8%	57.5%	52.1%	47.8%	44.6%	42.6%	41.5%
Border Rivers Gwydir	83.0%	78.6%	74.1%	69.6%	65.7%	62.6%	60.4%	58.9%	58.1%
Western	78.7%	73.3%	67.6%	62.0%	57.1%	53.3%	50.5%	48.6%	47.6%
Lachlan	82.8%	78.4%	73.9%	69.4%	65.4%	62.3%	60.1%	58.6%	57.8%
Murrumbidgee	85.0%	81.1%	77.1%	73.2%	69.7%	67.0%	65.1%	63.7%	63.1%
North East	88.7%	85.8%	82.8%	79.9%	77.3%	75.2%	73.7%	72.7%	72.2%
Murray 1	82.9%	78.5%	74.0%	69.5%	65.5%	62.4%	60.2%	58.7%	57.9%
Goulburn Broken	85.4%	81.6%	77.7%	73.9%	70.5%	67.9%	66.0%	64.7%	64.0%
Murray 2	82.9%	78.5%	74.0%	69.5%	65.5%	62.4%	60.2%	58.7%	57.9%
North Central	85.1%	81.3%	77.3%	73.4%	70.0%	67.3%	65.3%	64.0%	63.3%
Murray 3	82.9%	78.5%	74.0%	69.5%	65.5%	62.4%	60.2%	58.7%	57.9%
Mallee	82.5%	78.0%	73.4%	68.8%	64.8%	61.6%	59.3%	57.8%	57.0%
LMDB	79.7%	74.5%	69.1%	63.8%	59.1%	55.5%	52.8%	51.0%	50.1%
Snowy River	86.9%	83.6%	80.1%	76.7%	73.7%	71.3%	69.6%	68.4%	67.8%

Table: B –Warm-Wet Reference Case

Catchment	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
Condamine	107.0%	108.8%	110.7%	112.6%	114.2%	115.5%	116.4%	117.0%	117.3%
Border Rivers QLD	107.0%	108.8%	110.6%	112.4%	114.0%	115.3%	116.2%	116.8%	117.1%
Warrego-Paroo	108.7%	110.9%	113.3%	115.5%	117.5%	119.1%	120.3%	121.0%	121.4%
Namoi	106.2%	107.8%	109.5%	111.1%	112.5%	113.6%	114.4%	115.0%	115.3%
Central West	106.2%	107.8%	109.4%	111.1%	112.5%	113.6%	114.4%	115.0%	115.3%
Maranoa Balonne	108.7%	110.9%	113.3%	115.5%	117.6%	119.1%	120.3%	121.0%	121.4%
Border Rivers Gwydir	106.1%	107.7%	109.3%	110.9%	112.3%	113.4%	114.2%	114.7%	115.0%
Western	108.1%	110.1%	112.3%	114.4%	116.2%	117.7%	118.7%	119.4%	119.8%
Lachlan	104.9%	106.1%	107.4%	108.7%	109.8%	110.7%	111.4%	111.8%	112.0%
Murrumbidgee	103.3%	104.1%	105.0%	105.9%	106.6%	107.2%	107.7%	108.0%	108.1%
North East	100.9%	101.2%	101.4%	101.7%	101.9%	102.1%	102.2%	102.3%	102.3%
Murray 1	104.0%	105.1%	106.1%	107.2%	108.1%	108.8%	109.4%	109.7%	109.9%
Goulburn Broken	100.9%	101.1%	101.3%	101.5%	101.7%	101.9%	102.0%	102.1%	102.1%
Murray 2	104.0%	105.1%	106.1%	107.2%	108.1%	108.8%	109.4%	109.7%	109.9%
North Central	100.8%	100.9%	101.1%	101.3%	101.5%	101.6%	101.7%	101.8%	101.8%
Murray 3	104.0%	105.1%	106.1%	107.2%	108.1%	108.8%	109.4%	109.7%	109.9%
Mallee	102.9%	103.6%	104.3%	105.1%	105.8%	106.3%	106.6%	106.9%	107.0%
LMDB	106.5%	108.2%	110.0%	111.7%	113.2%	114.4%	115.2%	115.8%	116.1%
Snowy River	102.3%	102.9%	103.5%	104.1%	104.7%	105.1%	105.4%	105.6%	105.7%

Table: C –Median Reference Case

Catchment	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
Condamine	93.7%	92.2%	91.0%	90.5%	90.4%	90.6%	90.9%	91.3%	91.7%
Border Rivers QLD	93.8%	92.3%	91.1%	90.6%	90.5%	90.7%	91.0%	91.4%	91.8%
Warrego-Paroo	93.6%	92.0%	90.8%	90.3%	90.2%	90.4%	90.7%	91.1%	91.5%
Namoi	94.9%	93.7%	92.7%	92.3%	92.2%	92.4%	92.6%	93.0%	93.3%
Central West	95.0%	93.8%	92.9%	92.5%	92.4%	92.6%	92.8%	93.1%	93.4%
Maranoa Balonne	93.6%	92.0%	90.8%	90.3%	90.2%	90.4%	90.7%	91.1%	91.5%
Border Rivers Gwydir	95.0%	93.8%	92.8%	92.4%	92.4%	92.5%	92.8%	93.1%	93.4%
Western	94.5%	93.1%	92.1%	91.6%	91.6%	91.8%	92.0%	92.4%	92.7%
Lachlan	94.9%	93.7%	92.7%	92.3%	92.2%	92.4%	92.6%	92.9%	93.3%
Murrumbidgee	95.0%	93.7%	92.8%	92.4%	92.3%	92.5%	92.7%	93.0%	93.4%
North East	95.4%	94.3%	93.4%	93.0%	92.9%	93.1%	93.3%	93.6%	93.9%
Murray 1	94.4%	93.0%	92.0%	91.5%	91.5%	91.6%	91.9%	92.3%	92.6%
Goulburn Broken	93.8%	92.3%	91.1%	90.6%	90.5%	90.7%	91.0%	91.4%	91.8%
Murray 2	94.4%	93.0%	92.0%	91.5%	91.5%	91.6%	91.9%	92.3%	92.6%
North Central	93.5%	91.9%	90.7%	90.1%	90.1%	90.3%	90.6%	91.0%	91.4%
Murray 3	94.4%	93.0%	92.0%	91.5%	91.5%	91.6%	91.9%	92.3%	92.6%
Mallee	93.3%	91.7%	90.4%	89.8%	89.8%	90.0%	90.3%	90.7%	91.2%
LMDB	94.1%	92.7%	91.6%	91.1%	91.0%	91.2%	91.5%	91.9%	92.2%
Snowy River	95.2%	94.0%	93.1%	92.7%	92.6%	92.8%	93.0%	93.3%	93.6%

Table: AIB –Dry

Catchment	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
Condamine	91%	75%	58%	41%	24%	16%	16%	16%	16%
Border Rivers QLD	91%	74%	58%	40%	23%	16%	16%	16%	16%
Warrego-Paroo	88%	70%	51%	31%	16%	16%	16%	16%	16%
Namoi	95%	81%	67%	52%	38%	27%	18%	16%	16%
Central West	93%	79%	63%	47%	32%	20%	16%	16%	16%
Maranoa Balonne	88%	70%	52%	33%	16%	16%	16%	16%	16%
Border Rivers Gwydir	95%	81%	66%	50%	36%	25%	16%	16%	16%
Western	91%	74%	58%	40%	23%	16%	16%	16%	16%
Lachlan	97%	84%	70%	56%	42%	32%	24%	16%	16%
Murrumbidgee	101%	91%	81%	69%	58%	51%	44%	38%	34%
North East	99%	87%	75%	61%	49%	40%	33%	26%	20%
Murray 1	95%	80%	66%	50%	35%	24%	16%	16%	16%
Goulburn Broken	97%	85%	72%	58%	45%	35%	27%	19%	16%
Murray 2	95%	80%	66%	50%	35%	24%	16%	16%	16%
North Central	97%	85%	72%	58%	45%	35%	27%	20%	16%
Murray 3	95%	80%	66%	50%	35%	24%	16%	16%	16%
Mallee	95%	81%	66%	50%	36%	25%	16%	16%	16%
LMDB	92%	76%	59%	42%	26%	16%	16%	16%	16%
Snowy River	97%	83%	70%	55%	42%	32%	23%	16%	16%

Table: AIB –WET

Catchment	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
Condamine	109%	113%	118%	123%	128%	132%	136%	140%	142%
Border Rivers QLD	108%	113%	118%	123%	128%	132%	136%	139%	142%
Warrego-Paroo	110%	116%	122%	128%	134%	139%	144%	148%	151%
Namoi	108%	112%	116%	121%	125%	129%	132%	135%	138%
Central West	107%	112%	116%	120%	124%	128%	132%	134%	137%
Maranoa Balonne	111%	117%	123%	129%	135%	140%	145%	149%	153%
Border Rivers Gwydir	108%	112%	116%	120%	125%	129%	132%	135%	137%
Western	109%	114%	119%	124%	129%	134%	138%	141%	144%
Lachlan	104%	107%	109%	112%	114%	116%	118%	120%	121%
Murrumbidgee	104%	106%	109%	111%	113%	115%	117%	119%	120%
North East	102%	103%	104%	105%	105%	106%	107%	108%	108%
Murray 1	105%	108%	111%	114%	117%	119%	122%	124%	125%
Goulburn Broken	101%	102%	102%	103%	103%	104%	104%	105%	105%
Murray 2	105%	108%	111%	114%	117%	119%	122%	124%	125%
North Central	101%	102%	102%	103%	103%	104%	104%	105%	105%
Murray 3	105%	108%	111%	114%	117%	119%	122%	124%	125%
Mallee	103%	105%	107%	109%	111%	113%	115%	116%	117%
LMDB	107%	110%	114%	118%	122%	125%	128%	131%	133%
Snowy River	103%	104%	106%	108%	109%	111%	112%	113%	114%

Table A.6: Irrigated area in the Murray-Darling Basin per commodity

Catchment	Citrus-H	Citrus-L	Grapes	Stone Fruit-H	Stone Fruit-L	Pome Fruit-H	Pome Fruit-L	Vegetables	Cotton	Rice	Grainscontinued next page
Condamine	0.7	0.3	149.7	31.4	13.4	2.1	0.9	2,199.3	28,704.8	32.9	13,943.2	...
Border Rivers QLD	0.0	0.0	644.4	527.4	226.0	734.8	314.9	1,946.2	42,014.4	0.0	3,325.7	...
Warrego-Paroo	0.0	0.0	96.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.0	14,603.9	0.0	402.9	...
Namoi	1.1	0.5	33.1	14.7	6.3	1.8	0.8	368.8	65,829.8	1.0	15,629.7	...
Central West	95.5	40.9	2,899.2	180.8	77.5	515.6	221.0	1,085.0	56,149.8	106.0	11,551.4	...
Maranoa Balonne	0.0	0.0	149.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	64.5	21,503.6	0.0	1,065.2	...
Border Rivers Gwydir	0.7	0.3	115.4	20.1	8.6	53.7	23.0	257.5	126,525.2	0.0	8,414.2	...
Western	88.0	37.7	482.2	17.9	7.7	36.0	15.4	29.8	31,349.3	0.0	1,576.6	...
Lachlan	154.4	66.2	3,110.0	845.7	362.4	161.5	69.2	3,106.9	12,594.9	10,956.5	36,983.4	...
Murrumbidgee	2,145.9	919.7	12,704.7	1,170.1	501.5	862.4	369.6	6,903.6	4,312.8	92,147.9	178,757.3	...
North East	11.1	4.8	2,681.7	78.1	33.5	159.5	68.3	122.5	0.0	107.0	245.7	...
Murray 1	4.1	1.8	215.9	13.9	5.9	49.7	21.3	299.2	0.0	2,471.5	4,138.3	...
Goulburn Broken												...
Murray 2	35.2	15.1	578.5	5.0	2.1	2.8	1.2	1,052.5	3.5	44,748.4	76,743.9	...
North Central												...
Murray 3	120.6	51.7	460.0	43.9	18.8	0.1	0.1	494.3	4.6	25,579.8	50,262.7	...
Mallee												...
LMDB	686.2	294.1	6,928.6	22.0	9.4	5.1	2.2	446.2	1,023.0	0.0	3,792.5	...
SAMDB	2,171.3	930.5	26,599.3	479.8	205.6	111.1	47.6	6,836.9	0.0	0.0	1,115.5	...

Catchment	...continued from prev. page	Beef/Sheep-H	Beef/Sheep-L	Dairy-H	Dairy-L	Other	Total	Total Horticulture
Condamine	...	1,906.4	1,906.4	1,906.4	1,906.4	3,483.6	56,188	2,398
Border Rivers QLD	...	1,322.9	1,322.9	1,322.9	1,322.9	3,309.5	58,335	4,394
Warrego-Paroo	...	1,041.8	1,041.8	1,041.8	1,041.8	370.4	19,653	109
Namoi	...	1,902.2	1,902.2	1,902.2	1,902.2	4,655.4	94,152	427
Central West	...	2,722.2	2,722.2	2,722.2	2,722.2	2,550.9	86,362	5,115
Maranoa Balonne	...	1,621.4	1,621.4	1,621.4	1,621.4	440.5	40,000	214
Border Rivers Gwydir	...	749.4	749.4	749.4	749.4	3,147.3	141,564	479
Western	...	268.9	268.9	268.9	268.9	213.8	34,930	715
Lachlan	...	10,516.8	10,516.8	10,516.8	10,516.8	0.0	105,017	7,876
Murrumbidgee	...	21,055.8	21,055.8	21,055.8	21,055.8	0.0	305,212	25,577
North East	...	2,112.2	2,112.2	2,112.2	2,112.2	2,203.9	14,165	3,159
Murray 1	...	1,678.0	1,678.0	1,678.0	1,678.0	0.0	12,269	612
Goulburn Broken	...							
Murray 2	...	17,682.6	17,682.6	17,682.6	17,682.6	0.0	152,286	1,693
North Central	...							
Murray 3	...	14,789.5	14,789.5	14,789.5	14,789.5	0.0	111,740	1,189
Mallee	...							
LMDB	...	847.7	847.7	847.7	847.7	1,876.8	18,477	8,394
SAMDB	...	3,466.2	3,466.2	3,466.2	3,466.2	1,614.4	53,977	37,382

Table A.7: Average Farm Size per Commodity in the Murray-Darling Basin (in hectare)

Catchment	Citrus-H	Citrus-L	Grapes-L	Stone Fruit-H	Stone Fruit-L	Pome Fruit-H	Vegetables	Cotton	Rice	Wheat	Dairy-Hcontinued next page
Condamine	40	40	45	40	40	40	40	3,000	400	500	277	...
Border Rivers QLD	40	40	45	40	40	40	40	3,000	0	500	277	...
Warrego-Paroo	0	0	45	0	0	0	40	3,000	0	500	277	...
Namoi	40	40	45	40	40	40	40	3,000	400	500	277	...
Central West	40	40	45	40	40	40	40	3,000	400	500	324	...
Maranoa Balonne	40	40	45	40	40	40	40	3,000	0	500	277	...
Border Rivers Gwydir	40	40	45	40	40	40	40	3,000	0	500	277	...
Western	40	40	45	40	40	40	40	3,000	0	500	277	...
Lachlan	40	40	45	40	40	40	40	3,000	400	500	324	...
Murrumbidgee	20	20	45	20	20	20	20	500	400	500	342	...
North East	20	20	45	20	20	20	20	0	400	300	173	...
Murray 1	20	20	45	20	20	20	20	500	400	500	215	...
Goulburn Broken)	20	20	45	20	20	30	20	0	400	300	215	...
Murray 2												
North Central	20	20	45	20	20	20	20	0	400	300	215	...
Murray 3	20	20	45	20	20	20	20	500	400	500	215	...
Mallee	30	30	45	30	30	20	20	0	400	300	215	...
LMDB	20	20	45	20	30	20	20	300	0	300	215	...
SAMDB	20	20	45	20	20	20	20	300	0	300	400	...

Catchment	...continued from prev. page	Dairy-L	Sheep/Wheat	Beef	Sheep
Condamine	...	278	600	600	600
Border Rivers QLD	...	278	600	600	600
Warrego-Paroo	...	278	600	600	600
Namoi	...	278	600	600	600
Central West	...	325	600	600	600
Maranoa Balonne	...	278	600	600	600
Border Rivers Gwydir	...	278	600	600	600
Western	...	278	600	600	600
Lachlan	...	325	600	600	600
Murrumbidgee	...	342	600	600	600
North East	...	173	600	600	600
Murray 1	...	215	600	600	600
Goulburn Broken	...	215	600	600	600
Murray 2	...	215	600	600	600
North Central	...	215	600	600	600
Murray 3	...	215	600	600	600
Mallee	...	215	600	600	600
LMDB	...	215	600	600	600
SAMDB	...	400	600	600	600

Table A.8: Production Rules

Normal State	Drought State multipliers				Wet State multipliers			
Commodity A	Commodity B	Yield	Water (ML)	Adjustment Cost	Commodity	Yield	Water (ML)	Adjustment Cost
Citrus-H	Citrus-H	0.8	1.0	\$20	Citrus-H	1.2	1.2	\$20
Citrus-L	Citrus-L	0.9	1.0	\$0	Citrus-L	1.2	1.2	\$100
Grapes	Grapes	0.9	1.0	\$20	Grapes	1.2	1.2	\$20
Stone Fruit-H	Stone Fruit-H	0.8	1.0	\$20	Stone Fruit-H	1.2	1.2	\$20
Stone Fruit-L	Stone Fruit-L	0.9	1.0	\$0	Stone Fruit-L	1.2	1.2	\$100
Pome Fruit	Pome Fruit	0.9	1.0	\$20	Pome Fruit	1.2	1.2	\$20
Vegetables	Melons	1.0	1.0	\$0	Fresh Tomatoes	1.0	1.0	\$0
Cotton Flex	Dryland Cotton	1.0	1.0	\$0	Cotton	1.0	1.0	\$100
Cotton Fixed	Cotton Fixed	1.0	1.0	\$0	Cotton Fixed	1.0	1.0	\$0
Cotton/Chickpea	Chickpea	1.0	1.0	\$0	Cotton	1.0	1.0	\$100
Dryland Cotton	Dryland Cotton	0.8	1.0	\$0	Cotton	0.9	1.2	\$100
Rice PSN	Rice PSD	1.0	1.0	\$0	Rice PSW	1.0	1.2	\$100
Dryland Wheat	Dryland Wheat	0.7	1.0	\$0	Rice PSW	0.9	1.2	\$100
Wheat	Wheat	0.8	1.0	\$0	Wheat	1.1	1.2	\$50
Wheat Legume	Wheat Legume Dry	1.0	1.0	\$0	Wheat Legume Wet	1.0	1.0	\$0
Sorghum	Sorghum	0.8	1.0	\$0	Sorghum	1.1	1.2	\$100
Oilseeds	Oilseeds	0.8	1.0	\$0	Oilseeds	1.1	1.0	\$0
Sheep Wheat	Sheep Wheat Dry	1.0	1.0	\$50	Sheep Wheat Wet	1.0	1.0	\$0
Dairy-H	Dairy-H	0.9	1.0	\$300	Dairy-H	1.5	1.2	\$0
Dairy-L	Dairy-L	0.8	1.0	\$300	Dairy-L	1.2	1.2	\$0
Beef	Beef	0.7	1.0	\$20	Beef	1.2	1.0	\$10
Sheep	Sheep	0.7	1.0	\$20	Sheep	1.2	1.0	\$15
Adelaide	Adelaide	1.0	1.0	\$0	Adelaide	1.0	1.0	\$0

Gross Margin Budgets

Commodity Citrus-H

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Border Rivers QLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Warrego Paroo	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Namoi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Central West	28.9	250.0	222.8	14.8	34.3	5.0	13.4	2059.5	0.0	185.5	123.7	5825.8
Maranoa Balonne	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Border Rivers Gwydir	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Western	30.8	200.0	222.8	14.8	34.3	5.0	25.8	2059.5	0.0	185.5	123.7	5825.8
Lachlan	30.8	200.0	222.8	14.8	34.3	5.0	25.8	2059.5	0.0	185.5	123.7	5825.8
Murrumbidgee	30.8	200.0	222.8	14.8	34.3	7.5	25.8	2059.5	0.0	185.5	123.7	5825.8
North East	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Murray 1	29.6	216.7	222.8	14.8	34.3	7.5	21.7	2059.5	0.0	185.5	123.7	5825.8
Goulburn Broken	29.6	216.7	222.8	14.8	34.3	7.5	21.7	2059.5	0.0	185.5	123.7	5825.8
Murray 2	29.6	216.7	222.8	14.8	34.3	7.5	21.7	2059.5	0.0	185.5	123.7	5825.8
North Central	29.6	216.7	222.8	14.8	34.3	7.5	21.7	2059.5	0.0	185.5	123.7	5825.8
Murray 3	29.6	216.7	222.8	14.8	34.3	7.5	21.7	2059.5	0.0	185.5	123.7	5825.8
Mallee	29.6	216.7	222.8	14.8	34.3	7.5	21.7	2059.5	0.0	185.5	123.7	5825.8
Lower Murray Darling	30.8	200.0	222.8	14.8	34.3	7.5	25.8	2059.5	0.0	185.5	123.7	5825.8
SA MDB	29.6	216.7	222.8	14.8	34.3	7.5	21.7	2059.5	0.0	185.5	123.7	5825.8

Commodity Citrus-L

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Border Rivers QLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Warrego Paroo	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Namoi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Central West	32.1	356.7	96.3	11.0	37.1	7.8	96.8	1067.3	3007.0	280.3	588.3	6437.0
Maranoa Balonne	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Border Rivers Gwydir	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Western	34.3	356.7	96.3	11.0	37.1	7.8	96.8	1067.3	3007.0	280.3	588.3	6437.0
Lachlan	34.3	351.4	103.1	10.3	36.7	7.8	83.0	980.1	3000.0	251.0	586.4	6417.6
Murrumbidgee	34.3	351.4	103.1	10.3	36.7	10.0	83.0	980.1	3000.0	251.0	586.4	6417.6
North East	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Murray 1	32.8	351.4	103.1	10.3	36.7	10.0	83.0	980.1	3000.0	251.0	586.4	6417.6
Goulburn Broken	32.8	351.4	103.1	10.3	36.7	10.0	83.0	980.1	3000.0	251.0	586.4	6417.6
Murray 2	32.8	351.4	103.1	10.3	36.7	10.0	83.0	980.1	3000.0	251.0	586.4	6417.6
North Central	32.8	351.4	103.1	10.3	36.7	10.0	83.0	980.1	3000.0	251.0	586.4	6417.6
Murray 3	32.8	351.4	103.1	10.3	36.7	10.0	83.0	980.1	3000.0	251.0	586.4	6417.6
Mallee	32.8	351.4	103.1	10.3	36.7	10.0	83.0	980.1	3000.0	251.0	586.4	6417.6
Lower Murray Darling	34.3	362.0	89.4	11.6	37.4	9.6	110.6	1154.6	3014.0	309.5	590.2	6456.4
SA MDB	32.8	322.0	162.9	12.6	32.5	9.9	93.0	1099.5	2688.0	412.5	1501.0	8228.4

Commodity Grapes

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	15.0	3490.0	279.8	17.3	30.0	5.0	63.5	1571.3	0.0	270.0	2920.9	9104.5
Border Rivers QLD	15.0	6000.0	275.0	16.6	25.0	5.0	35.4	1375.7	0.0	300.0	9697.1	15640.8
Warrego Paroo	15.0	4745.0	277.4	16.9	27.5	5.0	49.5	1473.5	790.0	285.0	6309.0	13162.6
Namoi	20.2	840.0	97.3	13.4	32.6	6.1	50.7	1140.3	790.0	455.0	6273.9	10168.8
Central West	20.2	840.0	97.3	13.4	32.6	6.1	50.7	1140.3	790.0	455.0	6273.9	10168.8
Maranoa Balonne	15.0	4745.0	277.4	16.9	27.5	5.0	49.5	1473.5	790.0	285.0	6309.0	13162.6
Border Rivers Gwydir	20.2	840.0	97.3	13.4	32.6	6.1	50.7	1140.3	790.0	455.0	6273.9	10168.8
Western	20.2	840.0	97.3	13.4	32.6	6.1	50.7	1140.3	790.0	455.0	6273.9	10168.8
Lachlan	20.2	840.0	97.3	13.4	32.6	6.1	50.7	1140.3	790.0	455.0	6273.9	10168.8
Murrumbidgee	20.2	840.0	97.3	13.4	32.6	6.1	50.7	1140.3	790.0	455.0	6273.9	10168.8
North East	20.2	840.0	97.3	13.4	32.6	6.1	50.7	1140.3	790.0	455.0	6273.9	10168.8
Murray 1	20.2	840.0	97.3	13.4	32.6	6.1	50.7	1140.3	790.0	455.0	6273.9	10168.8
Goulburn Broken	20.4	811.5	7.0	19.0	32.6	6.8	15.6	1069.1	790.0	455.0	9453.6	11876.3
Murray 2	20.2	840.0	97.3	13.4	32.6	6.1	50.7	1140.3	790.0	455.0	6273.9	10168.8
North Central	20.0	868.4	187.5	7.7	32.6	5.5	85.7	1211.5	0.0	455.0	3094.2	7671.4
Murray 3	20.2	840.0	97.3	13.4	32.6	6.1	50.7	1140.3	790.0	455.0	6273.9	10168.8
Mallee	20.2	840.0	97.3	13.4	32.6	6.1	50.7	1140.3	790.0	455.0	6273.9	10168.8
Lower Murray Darling	20.2	840.0	97.3	13.4	32.6	6.1	50.7	1140.3	790.0	455.0	6273.9	10168.8
SA MDB	15.2	880.3	36.4	18.0	32.6	3.5	93.0	586.3	1036.7	100.0	1627.9	3915.7

Commodity Stone Fruit- H

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	18.7	2473.0	1141.2	17.2	16.9	3.3	152.8	3034.7	0.0	454.4	17629.2	38828.9
Border Rivers QLD	18.7	2473.0	1141.2	17.2	16.9	3.3	152.8	3034.7	0.0	454.4	17629.2	38828.9
Warrego Paroo	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Namoi	18.0	3000.0	1337.5	17.3	13.0	5.0	121.7	3633.2	0.0	468.0	21358.4	46217.6
Central West	21.8	2633.5	1560.4	17.0	20.9	1.7	85.5	2643.2	0.0	644.3	17671.0	45176.4
Maranoa Balonne	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Border Rivers Gwydir	18.0	3000.0	1337.5	17.3	13.0	5.0	121.7	3633.2	0.0	468.0	21358.4	46217.6
Western	21.8	2633.5	1560.4	17.0	20.9	1.7	85.5	2643.2	0.0	644.3	17671.0	45176.4
Lachlan	16.0	1961.5	671.8	17.3	20.7	3.6	160.5	2450.4	0.0	315.3	13465.0	26656.2
Murrumbidgee	19.0	2297.1	994.9	17.3	13.0	3.0	243.4	3411.9	0.0	390.0	18022.6	37265.6
North East	19.0	2297.1	994.9	17.3	13.0	3.0	243.4	3411.9	0.0	390.0	18022.6	37265.6
Murray 1	19.0	2297.1	994.9	17.3	13.0	3.0	243.4	3411.9	0.0	390.0	18022.6	37265.6
Goulburn Broken	19.0	2297.1	994.9	17.3	13.0	3.0	243.4	3411.9	0.0	390.0	18022.6	37265.6
Murray 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Central	19.0	2297.1	994.9	17.3	13.0	3.0	243.4	3411.9	0.0	390.0	18022.6	37265.6
Murray 3	19.0	2297.1	994.9	17.3	13.0	3.0	243.4	3411.9	0.0	390.0	18022.6	37265.6
Mallee	19.0	2297.1	994.9	17.3	13.0	3.0	243.4	3411.9	0.0	390.0	18022.6	37265.6
Lower Murray Darling	17.5	2129.3	833.3	17.3	16.8	3.3	201.9	2931.1	0.0	352.6	15743.8	31960.8
SA MDB	19.0	2297.1	994.9	17.3	13.0	3.0	243.4	3411.9	0.0	390.0	18022.6	37265.6

Commodity Stone Fruit- L

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
Border Rivers QLD	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
Warrego Paroo	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Namoi	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
Central West	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
Maranoa Balonne	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Border Rivers Gwydir	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
Western	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
Lachlan	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
Murrumbidgee	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
North East	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
Murray 1	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
Goulburn Broken	22.2	1874.7	69.5	19.9	4.6	6.0	102.2	1009.9	4609.2	83.4	22772.6	29553.4
Murray 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Central	23.4	1484.8	835.2	15.5	24.8	6.9	98.6	1647.6	2197.0	33.0	10337.7	27178.2
Murray 3	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
Mallee	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
Lower Murray Darling	22.8	1679.7	452.4	17.7	14.7	6.4	100.4	1328.8	3403.1	58.2	16555.2	28365.8
SA MDB	17.2	3053.0	19.0	18.0	15.0	10.5	93.0	1325.8	14791.5	250.0	9896.0	26557.5

Commodity Pome Fruit

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Border Rivers QLD	43.3	1154.7	39.5	15.3	48.6	7.0	117.9	3157.4	15075.0	827.0	25594.9	45267.9
Warrego Paroo	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Namoi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Central West	43.3	1154.7	39.5	15.3	48.6	7.0	117.9	3157.4	15075.0	827.0	25594.9	45267.9
Maranoa Balonne	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Border Rivers Gwydir	43.3	1154.7	39.5	15.3	48.6	7.0	117.9	3157.4	15075.0	827.0	25594.9	45267.9
Western	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lachlan	43.3	1154.7	39.5	15.3	48.6	7.0	117.9	3157.4	15075.0	827.0	25594.9	45267.9
Murrumbidgee	43.3	1154.7	39.5	15.3	48.6	7.0	117.9	3157.4	15075.0	827.0	25594.9	45267.9
North East	43.3	1154.7	39.5	15.3	48.6	7.0	117.9	3157.4	15075.0	827.0	25594.9	45267.9
Murray 1	40.8	1565.8	254.6	17.4	34.5	7.0	57.4	2954.2	5353.5	231.5	39689.2	52179.9
Goulburn Broken	50.0	1370.4	29.4	20.1	39.2	6.0	16.5	2410.1	7400.0	430.0	48181.4	58877.8
Murray 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Central	31.5	1761.1	479.8	14.7	29.8	8.0	98.2	3498.4	3307.0	33.0	31197.1	45482.0
Murray 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mallee	43.3	1154.7	39.5	15.3	48.6	7.0	117.9	3157.4	15075.0	827.0	25594.9	45267.9
Lower Murray Darling	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SA MDB	43.3	1154.7	39.5	15.3	48.6	7.0	117.9	3157.4	15075.0	827.0	25594.9	45267.9

Commodity Vegetables- Normal State

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	32.5	360.0	140.0	14.4	13.1	4.0	46.3	1211.4	0.0	182.3	15720.9	19287.4
Border Rivers QLD	32.5	360.0	140.0	14.4	13.1	4.0	46.3	1211.4	1477.7	182.3	15720.9	20765.2
Warrego Paroo	32.5	360.0	140.0	14.4	13.1	4.0	46.3	1211.4	1477.7	182.3	15720.9	20765.2
Namoi	32.6	790.3	4.1	1.7	10.9	5.9	39.1	1212.0	2424.4	298.6	7525.4	11523.3
Central West	28.8	869.9	57.3	10.9	12.3	7.1	32.3	1148.1	1477.7	322.8	8519.7	12357.3
Maranoa Balonne	32.5	360.0	140.0	14.4	13.1	4.0	46.3	1211.4	1477.7	182.3	15720.9	20765.2
Border Rivers Gwydir	32.6	790.3	4.1	1.7	10.9	5.9	39.1	1212.0	2424.4	298.6	7525.4	11523.3
Western	28.8	869.9	57.3	10.9	12.3	7.1	32.3	1148.1	1477.7	322.8	8519.7	12357.3
Lachlan	24.9	949.5	110.5	20.1	13.6	8.2	25.5	1084.1	531.1	347.0	9514.0	13191.5
Murrumbidgee	24.9	949.5	110.5	20.1	13.6	8.2	25.5	1084.1	531.1	347.0	9514.0	13191.5
North East	24.9	949.5	110.5	20.1	13.6	8.2	25.5	1084.1	531.1	347.0	9514.0	13191.5
Murray 1	24.9	949.5	110.5	20.1	13.6	8.2	25.5	1084.1	531.1	347.0	9514.0	13191.5
Goulburn Broken	52.3	803.0	65.3	24.8	8.7	4.7	49.4	1595.0	350.0	226.2	32231.7	35415.9
Murray 2	24.9	949.5	110.5	20.1	13.6	8.2	25.5	1084.1	531.1	347.0	9514.0	13191.5
North Central	24.9	949.5	110.5	20.1	13.6	8.2	25.5	1084.1	531.1	347.0	9514.0	13191.5
Murray 3	24.9	949.5	110.5	20.1	13.6	8.2	25.5	1084.1	531.1	347.0	9514.0	13191.5
Mallee	24.9	949.5	110.5	20.1	13.6	8.2	25.5	1084.1	531.1	347.0	9514.0	13191.5
Lower Murray Darling	24.9	949.5	110.5	20.1	13.6	8.2	25.5	1084.1	531.1	347.0	9514.0	13191.5
SA MDB	30.0	300.0	45.4	18.0	13.6	7.4	93.0	1127.0	4705.0	347.0	37.5	6920.7

Commodity Vegetables- Drought State

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Border Rivers QLD	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Warrego Paroo	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Namoi	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Central West	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Maranoa Balonne	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Border Rivers Gwydir	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Western	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Lachlan	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Murrumbidgee	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
North East	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Murray 1	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Goulburn Broken	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Murray 2	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
North Central	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Murray 3	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Mallee	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
Lower Murray Darling	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7
SA MDB	22.5	250.0	3.0	14.5	11.0	0.0	0.0	343.1	720.0	392.0	4002.0	5503.7

Commodity Vegetables- Wet State

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Border Rivers QLD	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Warrego Paroo	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Namoi	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Central West	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Maranoa Balonne	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Border Rivers Gwydir	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Western	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Lachlan	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Murrumbidgee	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
North East	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Murray 1	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Goulburn Broken	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Murray 2	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
North Central	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Murray 3	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Mallee	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
Lower Murray Darling	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1
SA MDB	50.0	1001.7	939.4	16.1	28.5	6.0	52.7	1880.2	0.0	1022.0	25784.7	43266.1

Commodity Wheat

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	5.0	167.3	0.0	0.0	1.3	1.5	59.8	143.6	66.7	19.2	47.0	276.5
Border Rivers QLD	5.0	167.3	0.0	0.0	1.3	1.5	59.8	143.6	66.7	19.2	47.0	276.5
Warrego Paroo	5.0	167.3	0.0	0.0	1.3	1.5	59.8	143.6	66.7	19.2	47.0	276.5
Namoi	5.5	181.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	3.4	21.0	239.0	84.3	21.8	86.6	431.7
Central West	5.0	172.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	5.4	12.0	198.0	62.0	52.0	71.2	383.2
Maranoa Balonne	5.0	167.3	0.0	0.0	1.3	1.5	59.8	143.6	66.7	19.2	47.0	276.5
Border Rivers Gwydir	5.5	181.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	3.4	21.0	239.0	84.3	18.5	89.8	431.7
Western	5.5	190.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	3.4	27.7	226.6	84.3	18.5	83.2	412.6
Lachlan	5.0	172.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	5.4	12.0	198.0	62.0	52.0	71.2	383.2
Murrumbidgee	5.4	181.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.9	20.4	225.7	78.7	27.7	82.7	414.8
North East	5.4	181.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.9	20.4	225.7	78.7	27.7	82.7	414.8
Murray 1	5.8	212.5	0.0	0.0	1.2	3.5	40.9	198.2	37.0	18.5	226.9	480.7
Goulburn Broken	5.4	181.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.9	20.4	225.7	78.7	27.7	82.7	414.8
Murray 2	5.8	212.5	0.0	0.0	1.2	3.5	40.9	198.2	37.0	18.5	226.9	480.7
North Central	5.8	212.5	0.0	0.0	1.2	3.5	40.9	198.2	37.0	18.5	226.9	480.7
Murray 3	5.8	212.5	0.0	0.0	1.2	3.5	40.9	198.2	37.0	18.5	226.9	480.7
Mallee	5.4	181.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.9	20.4	225.7	78.7	27.7	82.7	414.8
Lower Murray Darling	5.4	181.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.9	20.4	225.7	78.7	27.7	82.7	414.8
SA MDB	5.4	181.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.9	20.4	225.7	78.7	27.7	82.7	414.8

Commodity Dryland Wheat

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	2.5	182.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.8	47.6	7.8	26.4	182.7
Border Rivers QLD	2.5	182.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.8	47.6	7.8	26.4	182.7
Warrego Paroo	2.5	182.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.8	47.6	7.8	26.4	182.7
Namoi	2.5	190.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	156.6	38.4	24.4	44.4	263.8
Central West	2.4	170.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	105.1	25.0	25.0	33.9	189.0
Maranoa Balonne	2.5	182.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.8	47.6	7.8	26.4	182.7
Border Rivers Gwydir	2.5	181.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	126.9	33.0	23.7	33.9	217.4
Western	2.7	184.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	118.8	35.6	21.8	23.3	199.5
Lachlan	2.5	181.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	126.9	33.0	23.7	33.9	217.4
Murrumbidgee	3.0	181.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	126.9	33.0	23.7	33.9	217.4
North East	2.5	181.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	126.9	33.0	23.7	33.9	217.4
Murray 1	3.0	181.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	126.9	33.0	23.7	33.9	217.4
Goulburn Broken	2.5	181.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	126.9	33.0	23.7	33.9	217.4
Murray 2	3.0	181.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	126.9	33.0	23.7	33.9	217.4
North Central	2.5	181.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	126.9	33.0	23.7	33.9	217.4
Murray 3	3.0	181.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	126.9	33.0	23.7	33.9	217.4
Mallee	2.5	181.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	126.9	33.0	23.7	33.9	217.4
Lower Murray Darling	2.5	181.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	126.9	33.0	23.7	33.9	217.4
SA MDB	2.5	181.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	126.9	33.0	23.7	33.9	217.4

Commodity: Grain Legumes

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	2.8	546.8	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.8	51.6	312.1	156.8	39.5	144.8	653.2
Border Rivers QLD	2.9	450.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	3.5	51.0	261.4	156.8	16.3	144.1	578.6
Warrego Paroo	2.8	498.7	0.0	0.0	1.9	3.6	51.3	286.8	156.8	27.9	144.5	615.9
Namoi	1.9	499.9	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.6	41.4	172.9	78.4	7.9	147.9	407.1
Central West	1.8	915.6	0.0	0.0	1.9	7.0	58.2	589.2	212.3	7.9	346.7	1156.1
Maranoa Balonne	2.9	450.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	3.5	51.0	261.4	175.0	21.8	131.1	589.3
Border Rivers Gwydir	2.1	478.5	0.0	0.0	1.0	3.5	40.6	161.5	175.3	21.2	61.9	419.8
Western	2.3	420.4	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.8	38.2	126.2	114.9	22.2	119.6	382.8
Lachlan	2.5	701.1	0.0	0.0	2.0	7.8	43.0	433.9	161.4	5.1	277.0	877.4
Murrumbidgee	3.2	486.7	0.0	0.0	2.0	8.7	27.7	278.6	110.4	2.3	207.3	598.7
North East	2.9	499.6	0.0	0.0	1.8	8.5	31.6	265.2	102.7	13.8	221.5	603.2
Murray 1	2.6	512.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	8.4	35.5	251.8	95.0	25.3	235.7	607.8
Goulburn Broken	3.2	486.7	0.0	0.0	2.0	8.7	27.7	278.6	110.4	2.3	207.3	598.7
Murray 2	2.6	512.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	8.4	35.5	251.8	95.0	25.3	235.7	607.8
North Central	3.3	427.5	0.0	0.0	2.5	4.8	39.8	285.2	40.8	25.3	299.8	651.0
Murray 3	2.6	512.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	8.4	35.5	251.8	95.0	25.3	235.7	607.8
Mallee	2.9	499.6	0.0	0.0	1.8	8.5	31.6	265.2	102.7	13.8	221.5	603.2
Lower Murray Darling	3.0	450.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	9.0	26.3	269.3	75.0	55.5	212.8	612.5
SA MDB	2.9	499.6	0.0	0.0	1.8	8.5	31.6	265.2	102.7	13.8	221.5	603.2

Commodity: Wheat -Grain Legumes Normal

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	4.0	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	2.6	55.7	227.9	111.7	29.4	95.9	464.9
Border Rivers QLD	4.1	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	2.5	55.4	202.5	111.7	17.7	95.6	427.6
Warrego Paroo	4.0	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	2.6	55.6	215.2	111.7	23.6	95.7	446.2
Namoi	3.8	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	3.0	31.2	205.9	81.3	14.8	117.3	419.4
Central West	3.5	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	6.2	35.1	393.6	137.2	29.9	209.0	769.6
Maranoa Balonne	4.1	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	2.5	55.4	202.5	120.8	20.5	89.1	432.9
Border Rivers Gwydir	3.9	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	3.5	30.8	200.3	129.8	19.9	75.9	425.7
Western	4.0	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	3.6	32.9	176.4	99.6	20.4	101.4	397.7
Lachlan	3.9	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	6.6	27.5	315.9	111.7	28.5	174.1	630.3
Murrumbidgee	4.4	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	6.3	24.1	252.1	94.5	15.0	145.0	506.7
North East	4.3	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	6.2	26.0	245.4	90.7	20.7	152.1	509.0
Murray 1	4.3	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	5.9	38.2	225.0	66.0	21.9	231.3	544.2
Goulburn Broken	4.4	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	6.3	24.1	252.1	94.5	15.0	145.0	506.7
Murray 2	4.3	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	5.9	38.2	225.0	66.0	21.9	231.3	544.2
North Central	4.6	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	4.1	40.4	241.7	38.9	21.9	263.4	565.8
Murray 3	4.3	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	5.9	38.2	225.0	66.0	21.9	231.3	544.2
Mallee	4.3	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	6.2	26.0	245.4	90.7	20.7	152.1	509.0
Lower Murray Darling	4.3	280.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	6.5	23.3	247.5	76.9	41.6	147.7	513.7
SA MDB	4.3	280.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	6.2	26.0	245.4	90.7	20.7	152.1	509.0

Commodity: Wheat -Grain Legumes Drought

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	5.5	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.7	65.8	157.9	73.3	21.1	51.7	304.2
Border Rivers QLD	5.5	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.7	65.8	157.9	73.3	21.1	51.7	304.2
Warrego Paroo	5.5	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.7	65.8	157.9	73.3	21.1	51.7	304.2
Namoi	6.1	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	3.7	23.0	262.9	92.7	23.9	95.3	474.8
Central West	5.5	231.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	5.9	13.2	217.8	68.2	57.2	78.3	421.5
Maranoa Balonne	5.5	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.7	65.8	157.9	73.3	21.1	51.7	304.2
Border Rivers Gwydir	6.1	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	3.7	23.0	262.9	92.7	20.4	98.8	474.8
Western	6.1	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	3.7	30.4	249.3	92.7	20.4	91.6	453.9
Lachlan	5.5	231.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	5.9	13.2	217.8	68.2	57.2	78.3	421.5
Murrumbidgee	5.9	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	4.3	22.4	248.2	86.6	30.5	91.0	456.2
North East	5.9	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	4.3	22.4	248.2	86.6	30.5	91.0	456.2
Murray 1	6.3	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	3.9	45.0	218.1	40.7	20.4	249.6	528.8
Goulburn Broken	5.9	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	4.3	22.4	248.2	86.6	30.5	91.0	456.2
Murray 2	6.3	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	3.9	45.0	218.1	40.7	20.4	249.6	528.8
North Central	6.3	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	3.9	45.0	218.1	40.7	20.4	249.6	528.8
Murray 3	6.3	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	3.9	45.0	218.1	40.7	20.4	249.6	528.8
Mallee	5.9	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	4.3	22.4	248.2	86.6	30.5	91.0	456.2
Lower Murray Darling	5.9	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	4.3	22.4	248.2	86.6	30.5	91.0	456.2
SA MDB	5.9	231.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	4.3	22.4	248.2	86.6	30.5	91.0	456.2

Commodity: Wheat -Grain Legumes Wet

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	3.7	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.9	3.2	57.1	268.7	133.1	34.4	117.8	554.0
Border Rivers QLD	3.8	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.6	3.0	56.7	233.2	133.1	18.1	117.4	501.8
Warrego Paroo	3.7	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.8	3.1	56.9	251.0	133.1	26.2	117.6	527.9
Namoi	3.2	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.8	3.0	36.3	204.7	84.4	13.1	133.8	436.0
Central West	3.0	318.5	0.0	0.0	2.0	6.8	44.9	481.7	170.3	23.7	267.6	943.4
Maranoa Balonne	3.8	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.6	3.0	56.7	233.2	145.8	22.0	108.2	509.3
Border Rivers Gwydir	3.4	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.1	3.6	35.8	196.7	152.2	21.3	74.7	445.0
Western	3.5	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.8	36.4	167.6	109.9	22.0	112.9	412.4
Lachlan	3.5	318.5	0.0	0.0	2.0	7.4	34.3	373.0	134.6	21.8	218.8	748.3
Murrumbidgee	4.1	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.9	7.4	26.5	274.0	104.8	11.3	174.1	564.2
North East	3.9	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.8	7.3	29.3	264.6	99.4	19.4	184.0	567.4
Murray 1	3.8	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.6	7.1	39.2	245.6	79.5	24.2	244.4	593.7
Goulburn Broken	4.1	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.9	7.4	26.5	274.0	104.8	11.3	174.1	564.2
Murray 2	3.8	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.6	7.1	39.2	245.6	79.5	24.2	244.4	593.7
North Central	4.3	318.5	0.0	0.0	2.2	4.6	42.2	269.0	41.5	24.2	289.3	623.9
Murray 3	3.8	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.6	7.1	39.2	245.6	79.5	24.2	244.4	593.7
Mallee	3.9	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.8	7.3	29.3	264.6	99.4	19.4	184.0	567.4
Lower Murray Darling	4.0	318.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	7.7	25.5	267.5	80.0	48.5	177.9	573.9
SA MDB	3.9	318.5	0.0	0.0	1.8	7.3	29.3	264.6	99.4	19.4	184.0	567.4

Commodity: Oilseeds

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	3.0	346.5	0.0	0.0	1.3	4.0	41.0	168.2	87.7	24.5	59.1	339.3
Border Rivers QLD	3.0	346.5	0.0	0.0	1.3	4.0	41.0	168.2	0.0	24.5	152.7	345.3
Warrego Paroo	3.0	346.5	0.0	0.0	1.3	4.0	41.0	168.2	87.7	24.5	105.9	386.1
Namoi	2.5	530.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	3.0	27.6	222.4	47.7	12.7	101.3	384.1
Central West	2.6	340.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	5.4	12.0	225.9	82.0	46.5	38.9	393.4
Maranoa Balonne	3.0	346.5	0.0	0.0	1.3	4.0	41.0	168.2	0.0	24.5	152.7	345.3
Border Rivers Gwydir	3.0	390.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	5.0	30.9	59.7	0.0	38.2	304.9	402.7
Western	2.0	495.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	2.5	15.5	118.8	21.5	19.1	157.3	316.7
Lachlan	2.8	350.3	0.0	0.0	2.6	6.7	19.1	293.6	59.5	51.0	85.1	489.2
Murrumbidgee	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
North East	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
Murray 1	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
Goulburn Broken	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
Murray 2	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
North Central	2.9	485.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	39.8	234.6	68.5	0.0	198.2	501.3
Murray 3	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
Mallee	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
Lower Murray Darling	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
SA MDB	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0

Commodity: Oilseeds

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	3.0	346.5	0.0	0.0	1.3	4.0	41.0	168.2	87.7	24.5	59.1	339.3
Border Rivers QLD	3.0	346.5	0.0	0.0	1.3	4.0	41.0	168.2	0.0	24.5	152.7	345.3
Warrego Paroo	3.0	346.5	0.0	0.0	1.3	4.0	41.0	168.2	87.7	24.5	105.9	386.1
Namoi	2.5	530.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	3.0	27.6	222.4	47.7	12.7	101.3	384.1
Central West	2.6	340.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	5.4	12.0	225.9	82.0	46.5	38.9	393.4
Maranoa Balonne	3.0	346.5	0.0	0.0	1.3	4.0	41.0	168.2	0.0	24.5	152.7	345.3
Border Rivers Gwydir	3.0	390.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	5.0	30.9	59.7	0.0	38.2	304.9	402.7
Western	2.0	495.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	2.5	15.5	118.8	21.5	19.1	157.3	316.7
Lachlan	2.8	350.3	0.0	0.0	2.6	6.7	19.1	293.6	59.5	51.0	85.1	489.2
Murrumbidgee	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
North East	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
Murray 1	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
Goulburn Broken	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
Murray 2	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
North Central	2.9	485.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	39.8	234.6	68.5	0.0	198.2	501.3
Murray 3	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
Mallee	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
Lower Murray Darling	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0
SA MDB	3.0	360.5	0.0	0.0	3.3	8.0	26.3	361.3	37.1	55.5	131.2	585.0

Commodity: Chickpeas

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	2.8	546.8	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.8	51.6	312.1	156.8	39.5	144.8	653.2
Border Rivers QLD	2.9	450.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	3.5	51.0	261.4	156.8	16.3	144.1	578.6
Warrego Paroo	2.8	498.7	0.0	0.0	1.9	3.6	51.3	286.8	156.8	27.9	144.5	615.9
Namoi	1.9	499.9	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.6	41.4	172.9	78.4	7.9	147.9	407.1
Central West	1.8	915.6	0.0	0.0	1.9	7.0	58.2	589.2	212.3	7.9	346.7	1156.1
Maranoa Balonne	2.9	450.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	3.5	51.0	261.4	175.0	21.8	131.1	589.3
Border Rivers Gwydir	2.1	478.5	0.0	0.0	1.0	3.5	40.6	161.5	175.3	21.2	61.9	419.8
Western	2.3	420.4	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.8	38.2	126.2	114.9	22.2	119.6	382.8
Lachlan	2.5	701.1	0.0	0.0	2.0	7.8	43.0	433.9	161.4	5.1	277.0	877.4
Murrumbidgee	3.2	486.7	0.0	0.0	2.0	8.7	27.7	278.6	110.4	2.3	207.3	598.7
North East												0.0
Murray 1												0.0
Goulburn Broken												0.0
Murray 2	2.6	512.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	8.4	35.5	251.8	95.0	25.3	235.7	607.8
North Central												0.0
Murray 3	2.6	512.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	8.4	35.5	251.8	95.0	25.3	235.7	607.8
Mallee												0.0
Lower Murray Darling	3.0	450.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	9.0	26.3	269.3	75.0	55.5	212.8	612.5
SA MDB	2.8	546.8	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.8	51.6	312.1	156.8	39.5	144.8	653.2

Commodity: Dairy-H

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	4020.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.8	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Border Rivers QLD	4020.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.8	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Warrego Paroo	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	0.0	123.4
Namoi	5400.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.8	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Central West	5400.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.8	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Maranoa Balonne	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	0.0	123.4
Border Rivers Gwydir	5400.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.8	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Western	5400.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.8	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Lachlan	7040.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.1	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	569.7	693.1
Murrumbidgee	7040.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.1	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	569.7	693.1
North East	10780.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.9	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Murray 1	9310.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.5	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Goulburn Broken	10780.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.9	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Murray 2	9310.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.5	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
North Central	10780.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.9	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Murray 3	9310.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.5	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Mallee	10780.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.9	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Lower Murray Darling	5400.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.8	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
SA MDB	4500.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.8	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0

Commodity: Dairy-L

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	3960.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.2	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	668.6	792.0
Border Rivers QLD	3960.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.2	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	668.6	792.0
Warrego Paroo	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	0.0	123.4
Namoi	5400.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.2	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	648.6	772.0
Central West	5400.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.2	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	648.6	772.0
Maranoa Balonne	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	0.0	123.4
Border Rivers Gwydir	5400.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.2	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	648.6	772.0
Western	5400.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.2	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	648.6	772.0
Lachlan	7040.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.6	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	588.6	712.0
Murrumbidgee	7040.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.6	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	589.3	712.7
North East	10500.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.6	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Murray 1	9310.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.6	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	638.2	761.5
Goulburn Broken	10500.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.6	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Murray 2	9310.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.6	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	638.2	761.5
North Central	10500.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.6	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Murray 3	9310.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.6	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	638.2	761.5
Mallee	10500.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.6	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	618.6	742.0
Lower Murray Darling	5400.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.6	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	648.0	771.3
SA MDB	4500.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.9	20.0	103.4	0.0	20.0	667.5	790.9

Commodity: Sheep

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	9.8	49.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.1	23.1
Border Rivers QLD	9.8	49.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.1	23.1
Warrego Paroo	9.8	49.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.1	23.1
Namoi	9.8	49.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.1	23.1
Central West	9.8	49.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.1	23.1
Maranoa Balonne	9.8	49.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.1	23.1
Border Rivers Gwydir	9.8	49.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.1	23.1
Western	9.8	49.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.1	23.1
Lachlan	9.8	49.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.1	23.1
Murrumbidgee	8.0	44.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.6	15.6
North East	6.0	37.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.9	7.9
Murray 1	6.0	37.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.9	7.9
Goulburn Broken	6.0	37.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.9	7.9
Murray 2	8.0	44.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.6	15.6
North Central	6.0	37.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.9	7.9
Murray 3	10.0	51.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.3	23.3
Mallee	8.0	44.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.6	15.6
Lower Murray Darling	10.0	40.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.4	16.4
SA MDB	8.0	44.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.6	15.6

Commodity: Sheep on Irrigated Pasture

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	12.5	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	262.7	576.4
Border Rivers QLD	12.5	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	262.7	576.4
Warrego Paroo	12.5	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	262.7	576.4
Namoi	12.5	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	262.7	576.4
Central West	12.5	54.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	319.6	633.2
Maranoa Balonne	12.5	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	262.7	576.4
Border Rivers Gwydir	12.5	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	262.7	576.4
Western	12.5	50.4	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	291.2	604.8
Lachlan	15.0	49.9	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	272.6	586.2
Murrumbidgee	15.0	44.9	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	189.5	503.1
North East	15.0	37.3	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	95.6	409.3
Murray 1	20.0	37.3	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	127.5	441.1
Goulburn Broken	15.0	37.3	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	100.4	414.0
Murray 2	20.0	44.9	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	252.6	566.2
North Central	15.0	37.3	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	95.6	409.3
Murray 3	15.0	51.1	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	283.3	596.9
Mallee	17.5	44.5	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	213.2	526.8
Lower Murray Darling	15.0	40.2	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	180.4	494.1
SA MDB	17.5	44.5	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	213.2	526.8

Commodity: Sheep- Wheat Normal

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	8.8	92.1	0.0	0.0	1.1	4.8	71.3	218.2	33.3	20.1	154.9	426.4
Border Rivers QLD	8.8	92.1	0.0	0.0	1.1	4.8	71.3	218.2	33.3	20.1	154.9	426.4
Warrego Paroo	8.8	92.1	0.0	0.0	1.1	4.8	71.3	218.2	33.3	20.1	154.9	426.4
Namoi	9.0	95.4	0.0	0.0	1.1	5.7	51.9	265.9	42.1	21.3	174.7	504.0
Central West	8.8	92.1	0.0	0.0	1.4	6.7	47.4	245.4	31.0	36.4	195.4	508.2
Maranoa Balonne	8.8	92.1	0.0	0.0	1.1	4.8	71.3	218.2	33.3	20.1	154.9	426.4
Border Rivers Gwydir	9.0	95.4	0.0	0.0	1.1	5.7	51.9	265.9	42.1	19.7	176.3	504.0
Western	9.0	95.4	0.0	0.0	1.1	5.7	55.2	259.7	42.1	19.7	187.2	508.7
Lachlan	10.0	86.3	0.0	0.0	1.4	6.7	47.4	245.4	31.0	36.4	171.9	484.7
Murrumbidgee	10.2	88.6	0.0	0.0	1.2	6.0	51.6	259.2	39.4	24.3	136.1	458.9
North East	10.2	88.6	0.0	0.0	1.2	6.0	51.6	259.2	39.4	24.3	89.2	412.0
Murray 1	12.9	81.8	0.0	0.0	1.1	5.8	61.9	245.5	18.5	19.7	177.2	460.9
Goulburn Broken	10.2	88.6	0.0	0.0	1.2	6.0	51.6	259.2	39.4	24.3	91.6	414.4
Murray 2	12.9	81.8	0.0	0.0	1.1	5.8	61.9	245.5	18.5	19.7	239.8	523.5
North Central	10.4	90.7	0.0	0.0	1.1	5.8	61.9	245.5	18.5	19.7	161.3	445.0
Murray 3	10.4	90.7	0.0	0.0	1.1	5.8	61.9	245.5	18.5	19.7	255.1	538.8
Mallee	11.4	83.8	0.0	0.0	1.2	6.0	51.6	259.2	39.4	24.3	148.0	470.8
Lower Murray Darling	10.2	88.6	0.0	0.0	1.2	6.0	51.6	259.2	39.4	24.3	131.6	454.4
SA MDB	11.4	83.8	0.0	0.0	1.2	6.0	51.6	259.2	39.4	24.3	148.0	470.8

Commodity: Sheep- Wheat Drought

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	11.8	52.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.4	80.5	277.8	6.7	20.7	241.2	546.4
Border Rivers QLD	11.8	52.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.4	80.5	277.8	6.7	20.7	241.2	546.4
Warrego Paroo	11.8	52.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.4	80.5	277.8	6.7	20.7	241.2	546.4
Namoi	11.8	52.7	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.5	76.6	287.4	8.4	21.0	245.1	561.9
Central West	11.8	52.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.7	75.7	283.3	6.2	24.0	294.7	608.2
Maranoa Balonne	11.8	52.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.4	80.5	277.8	6.7	20.7	241.2	546.4
Border Rivers Gwydir	11.8	52.7	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.5	76.6	287.4	8.4	20.7	245.4	561.9
Western	11.8	52.7	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.5	77.3	286.1	8.4	20.7	270.4	585.6
Lachlan	14.0	50.9	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.7	75.7	283.3	6.2	24.0	252.4	565.9
Murrumbidgee	14.0	51.3	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.6	76.6	286.0	7.9	21.6	178.8	494.2
North East	14.0	51.3	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.6	76.6	286.0	7.9	21.6	94.3	409.8
Murray 1	18.6	50.1	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.6	78.6	283.3	3.7	20.7	137.5	445.1
Goulburn Broken	14.0	51.3	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.6	76.6	286.0	7.9	21.6	98.7	414.1
Murray 2	18.6	50.1	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.6	78.6	283.3	3.7	20.7	250.0	557.7
North Central	14.1	51.7	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.6	78.6	283.3	3.7	20.7	108.8	416.4
Murray 3	14.1	51.7	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.6	78.6	283.3	3.7	20.7	277.6	585.3
Mallee	16.3	50.5	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.6	76.6	286.0	7.9	21.6	200.2	515.6
Lower Murray Darling	14.0	51.3	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.6	76.6	286.0	7.9	21.6	170.7	486.1
SA MDB	16.3	50.5	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.6	76.6	286.0	7.9	21.6	200.2	515.6

Commodity: Sheep- Wheat Wet

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	7.3	124.7	0.0	0.0	1.2	3.5	66.7	188.3	46.7	19.7	111.8	366.5
Border Rivers QLD	7.3	124.7	0.0	0.0	1.2	3.5	66.7	188.3	46.7	19.7	111.8	366.5
Warrego Paroo	7.3	124.7	0.0	0.0	1.2	3.5	66.7	188.3	46.7	19.7	111.8	366.5
Namoi	7.6	128.6	0.0	0.0	1.1	4.8	39.5	255.1	59.0	21.5	139.4	475.1
Central West	7.3	124.7	0.0	0.0	1.6	6.2	33.2	226.4	43.4	42.6	145.7	458.2
Maranoa Balonne	7.3	124.7	0.0	0.0	1.2	3.5	66.7	188.3	46.7	19.7	111.8	366.5
Border Rivers Gwydir	7.6	128.6	0.0	0.0	1.1	4.8	39.5	255.1	59.0	19.2	141.7	475.1
Western	7.6	128.6	0.0	0.0	1.1	4.8	44.2	246.4	59.0	19.2	145.6	470.3
Lachlan	8.0	117.2	0.0	0.0	1.6	6.2	33.2	226.4	43.4	42.6	131.6	444.1
Murrumbidgee	8.3	120.2	0.0	0.0	1.2	5.1	39.1	245.8	55.1	25.7	114.7	441.3
North East	8.3	120.2	0.0	0.0	1.2	5.1	39.1	245.8	55.1	25.7	86.6	413.1
Murray 1	10.0	111.2	0.0	0.0	1.1	4.9	53.5	226.6	25.9	19.2	197.1	468.8
Goulburn Broken	8.3	120.2	0.0	0.0	1.2	5.1	39.1	245.8	55.1	25.7	88.0	414.6
Murray 2	10.0	111.2	0.0	0.0	1.1	4.9	53.5	226.6	25.9	19.2	234.6	506.3
North Central	8.5	122.9	0.0	0.0	1.1	4.9	53.5	226.6	25.9	19.2	187.5	459.3
Murray 3	8.5	122.9	0.0	0.0	1.1	4.9	53.5	226.6	25.9	19.2	243.8	515.5
Mallee	9.0	113.9	0.0	0.0	1.2	5.1	39.1	245.8	55.1	25.7	121.9	448.4
Lower Murray Darling	8.3	120.2	0.0	0.0	1.2	5.1	39.1	245.8	55.1	25.7	112.0	438.6
SA MDB	9.0	113.9	0.0	0.0	1.2	5.1	39.1	245.8	55.1	25.7	121.9	448.4

Commodity: Beef on Irrigated Pasture

Catchment	Yield	Price	Labour	Lab. Chg.	Tractor Hr	Water Req.	Water Price	Chemicals	Contractor	Machinery	OVC	VC Excl. Water
Condamine	12.5	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	262.7	576.4
Border Rivers QLD	12.5	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	262.7	576.4
Warrego Paroo	12.5	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	262.7	576.4
Namoi	12.5	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	262.7	576.4
Central West	12.5	54.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	319.6	633.2
Maranoa Balonne	12.5	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	262.7	576.4
Border Rivers Gwydir	12.5	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	262.7	576.4
Western	12.5	50.4	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	291.2	604.8
Lachlan	15.0	47.5	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	322.2	635.9
Murrumbidgee	15.0	94.2	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	816.4	1130.0
North East	15.0	37.3	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	95.6	409.3
Murray 1	20.0	37.3	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	127.5	441.1
Goulburn Broken	15.0	37.3	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	100.4	414.0
Murray 2	20.0	74.3	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	813.7	1127.3
North Central	15.0	37.3	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	95.6	409.3
Murray 3	15.0	51.1	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	283.3	596.9
Mallee	17.5	64.2	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	510.2	823.8
Lower Murray Darling	15.0	54.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	383.5	697.1
SA MDB	17.5	64.2	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	82.8	292.7	0.0	20.9	510.2	823.8

Appendix 3: GIS data sets used in this Report

Map	Layer	Source/ Title	Custodian	Email	Date Accessed
Groundwater	flowsyst	Australian Groundwater Flow Systems - National Land and Water Resources Audit, January 2000.	Bureau of Rural Sciences	dataman@brs.gov.au	May 2008
	aus10vgd	GEODATA TOPO 10M 2002: Road transport	Geoscience Australia	sales@ga.gov.au	May 2008
	MDB_CMV			Thilak	May 2008
MDB Cover	aus_dam	Dams and Water Storages 1990	Geoscience Australia	sales@ga.gov.au	May 2008
	aus10lgd	GEODATA TOPO 10M 2002: Localities	Geoscience Australia	sales@ga.gov.au	May 2008
MDB Population	MDB_Population	Census 2001, Population Size & Growth, Age by Sex; based on Statistical Local Areas	Australian Bureau of Statistics	client.services@abs.gov.au	May 2008
MDB Features	aus10wgd	GEODATA TOPO 10M 2002: Waterbodies	Geoscience Australia	sales@ga.gov.au	May 2008
	mdbele	Global Map. Global Map elevation of Australia. 1Million 2001	Geoscience Australia	sales@ga.gov.au	May 2008
	irrv1ac	Australian Irrigation Areas, Version 1A, National Land and Water Resources Audit	Bureau of Rural Sciences	dataman@brs.gov.au	May 2008
	diwa_type_criteria	Directory of Important Wetlands Spatial Database including Wetlands Type and Criteria	Australian Government Department of the Environment, Water, Heritage and the Arts	water.metadata@environment.gov.au	May 2008
	aus10fgd	GEODATA TOPO 10M 2002: Offshore	Geoscience Australia	sales@ga.gov.au	May 2008
	MDB_Basins			Thilak	May 2008